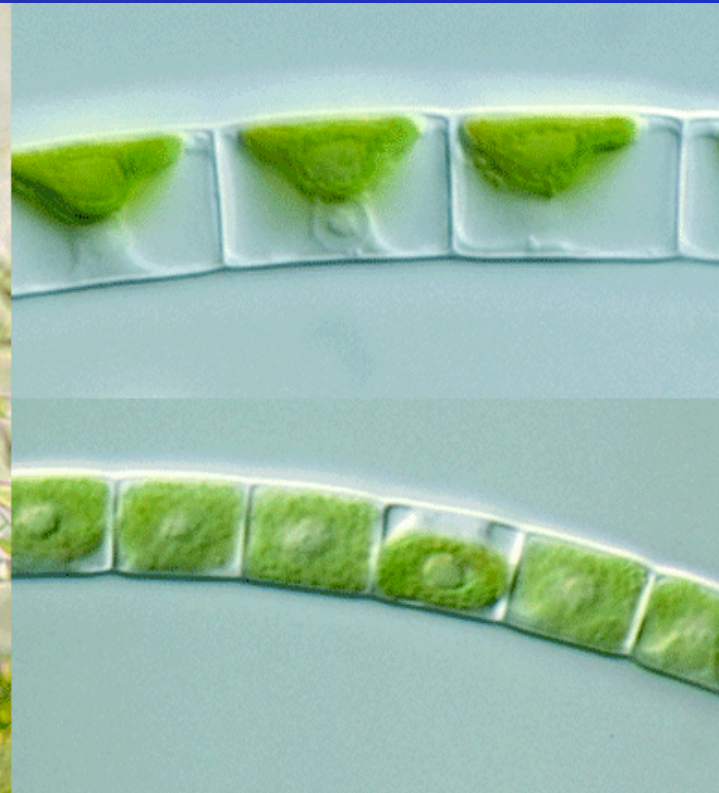


Přehled zelených vláknitých řas

Lenka Caisová

Klebsormidium (Hormiduum, Chlorhormidium)

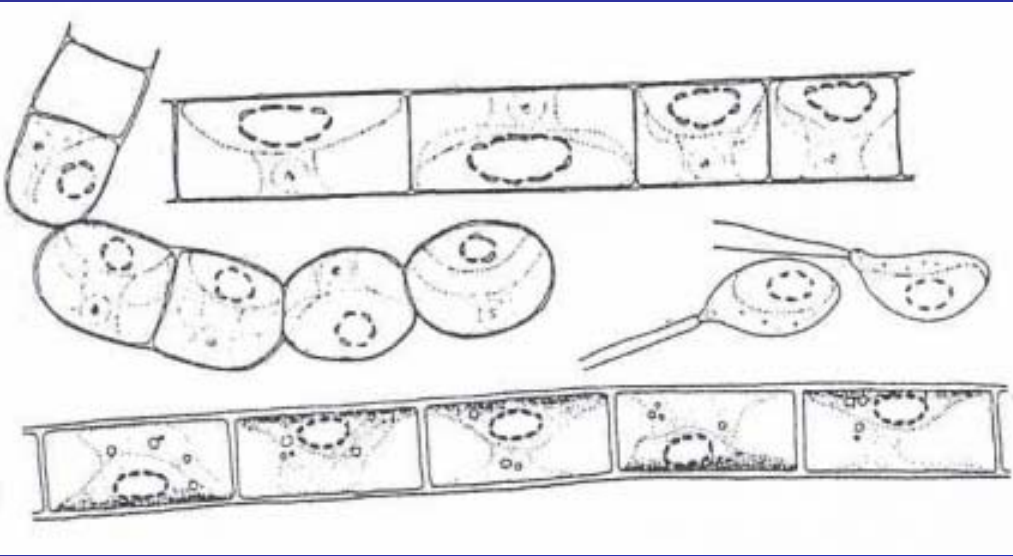
- trichální, rozpadavost vláken
- izopolární
- chloroplast s pyrenoidem



All after Entwisle et al. (1997)

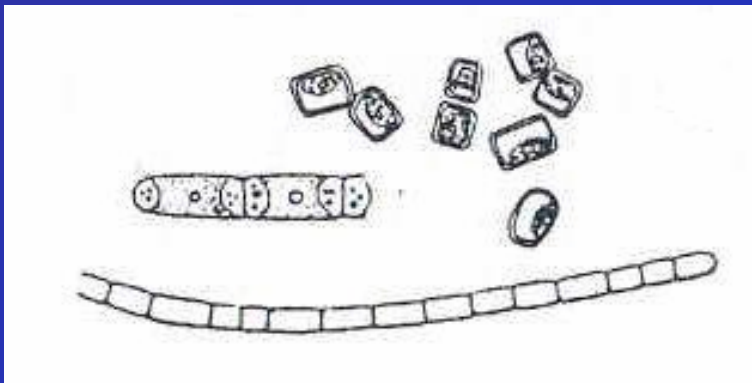
- půda, litorál vod

K. flaccidum



- rozměry buněk
- tvar chloroplastu
- rozpadavost vláken

K. pseudostichococcus



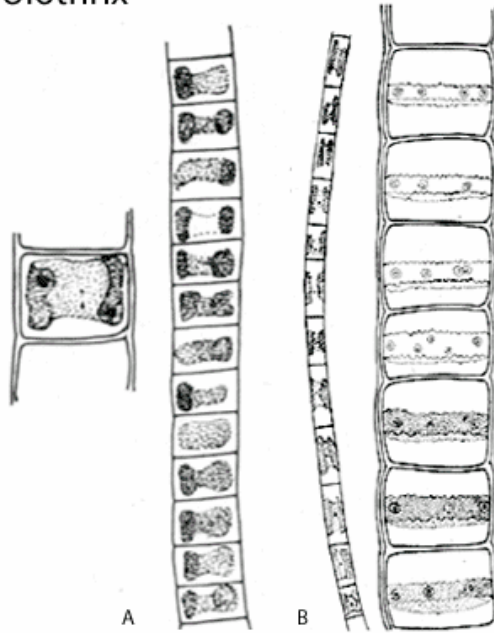
- *K. flaccidum* - častější

Ulothrix

- trichální
- izopolární
- rhizoidy
- apikální buňky zaoblené
- chloroplast s pyrenoide

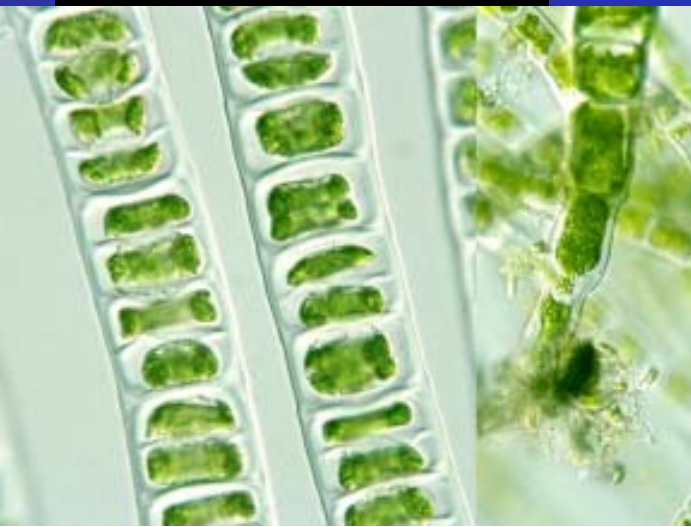
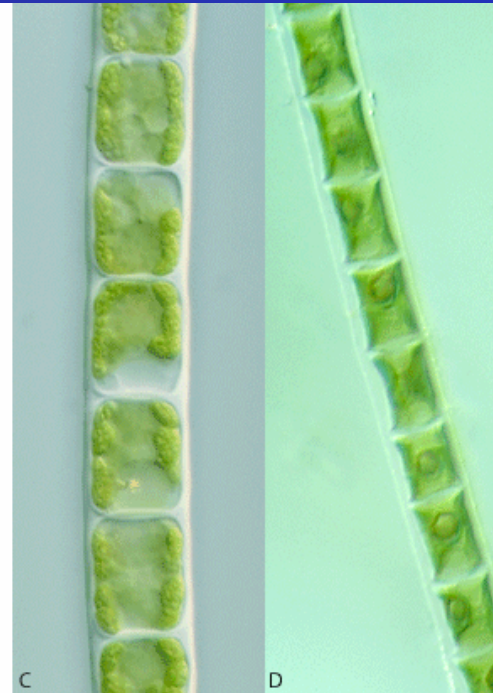
U. zonata

Ulothrix



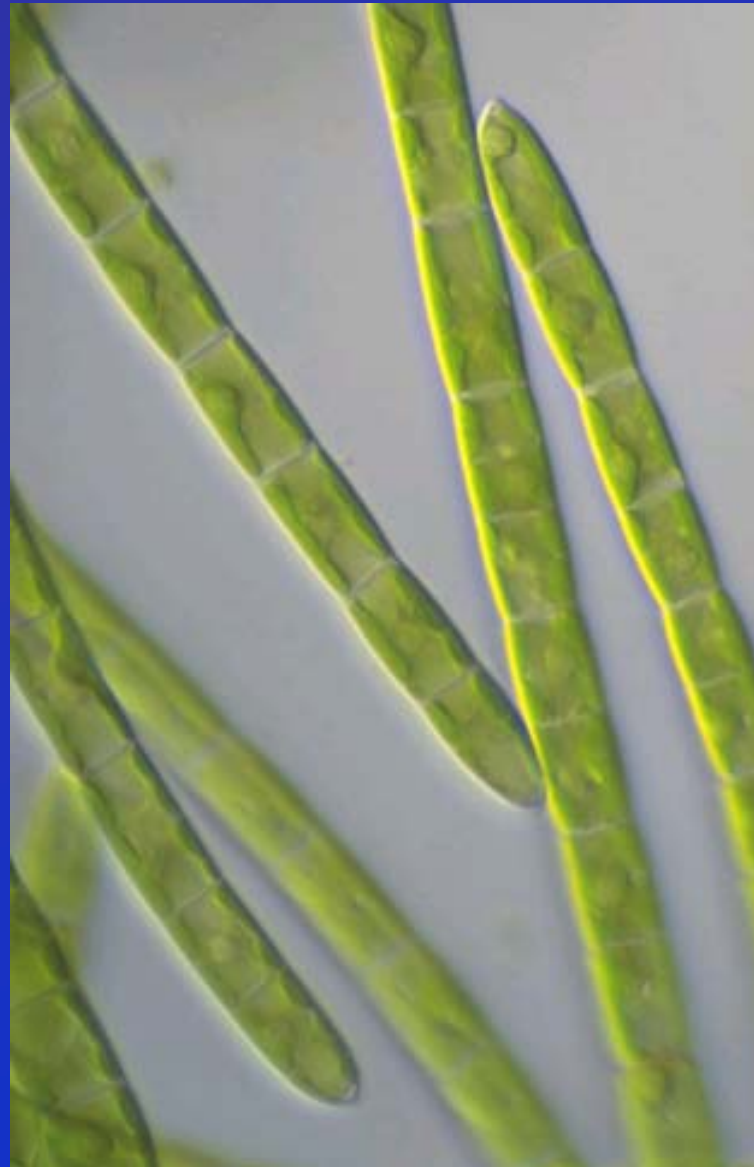
A, B after Prescott (1951)

C, D after Entwisle et al. (1997)



Uronema

- trichální
- heteropolární
- dermoid
- chloroplast s pyrenoidem (1, 5)



U. confervicolum

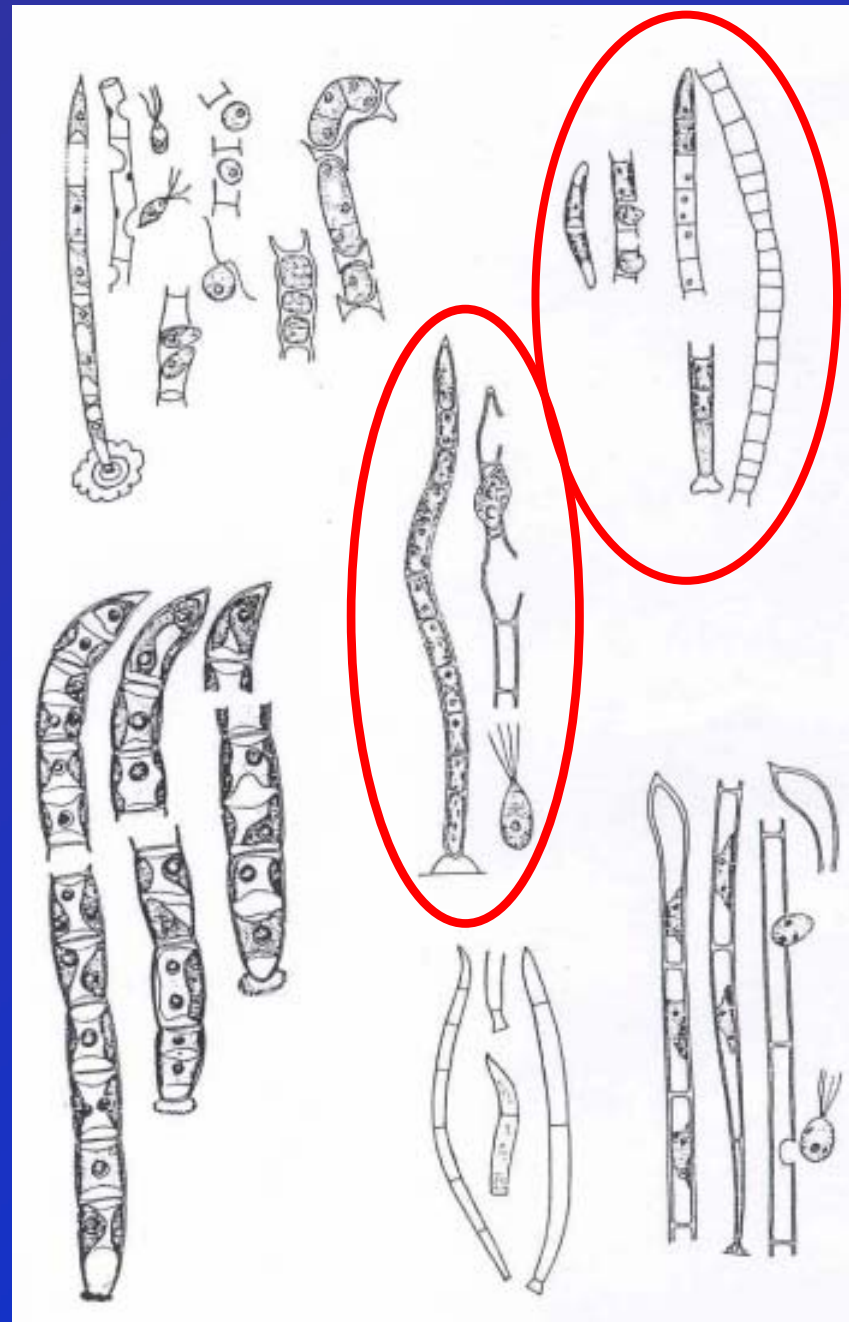
- vlákna do 1 mm
- dermoid
- chloroplast s 1 – 2 pyrenoidy

U. gigas

- vlákna 2 - 5 cm
- dermoid
- chloroplast s 1 – 5 pyrenoidy

U. africanum

U. elongatum

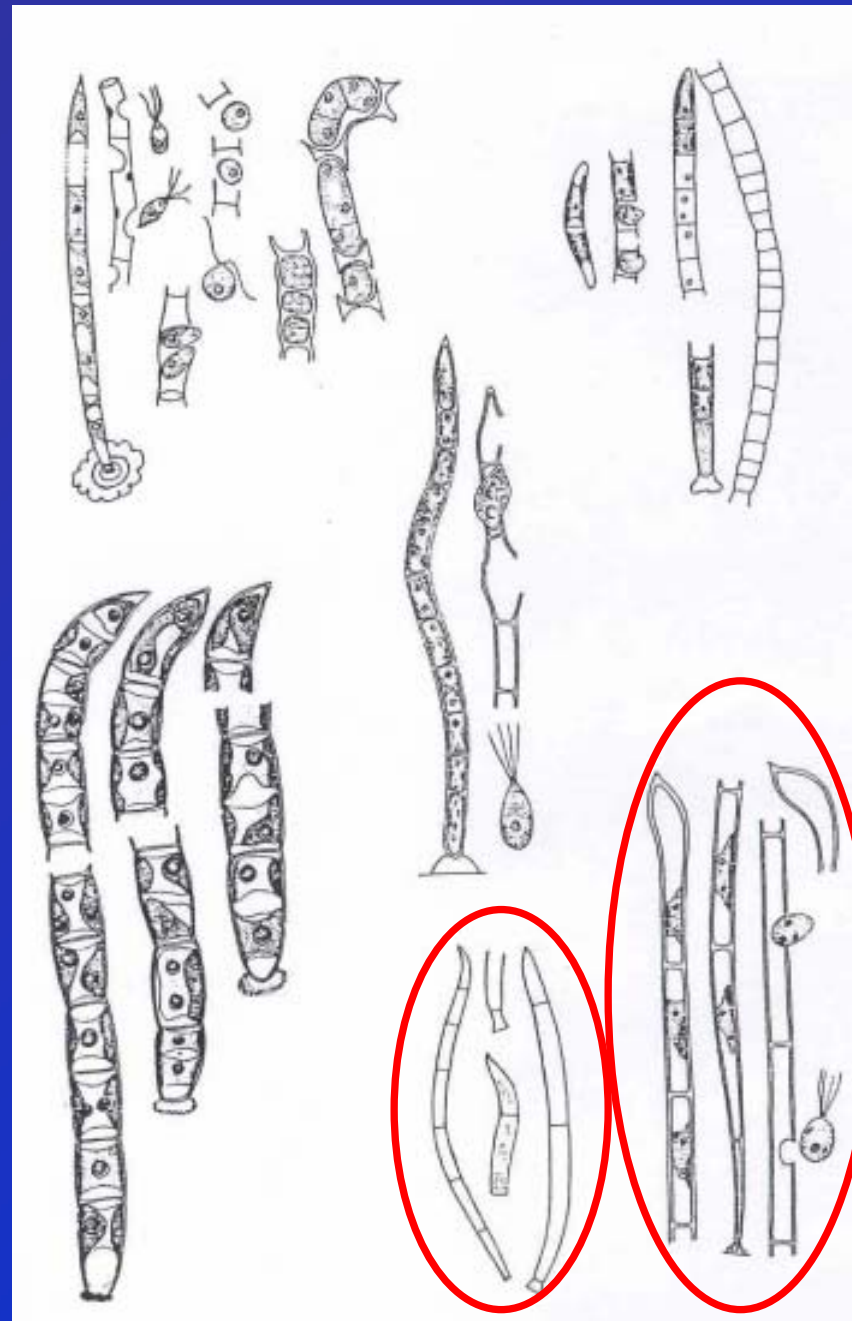


U. africanum

- 12 buň. vlákna
- apikální b. zahnutá
- chloroplast se 2 pyrenoidy

U. elongatum

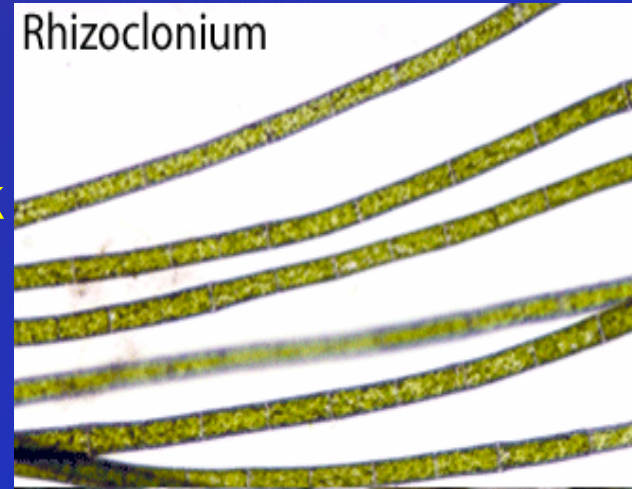
- vlákna do 5 mm
- apikální b. rozšířená a ohnutá
- bazální b. směrem k dermoidu zúžená



Rhizoclonium

- vatovité vlasy
- trichální až heterotrichální
- izopolární
- charakteristické spojení buněk
- chloroplast s pyrenoidy

R. hieroglyphicum



All after Entwisle et al. (1997)

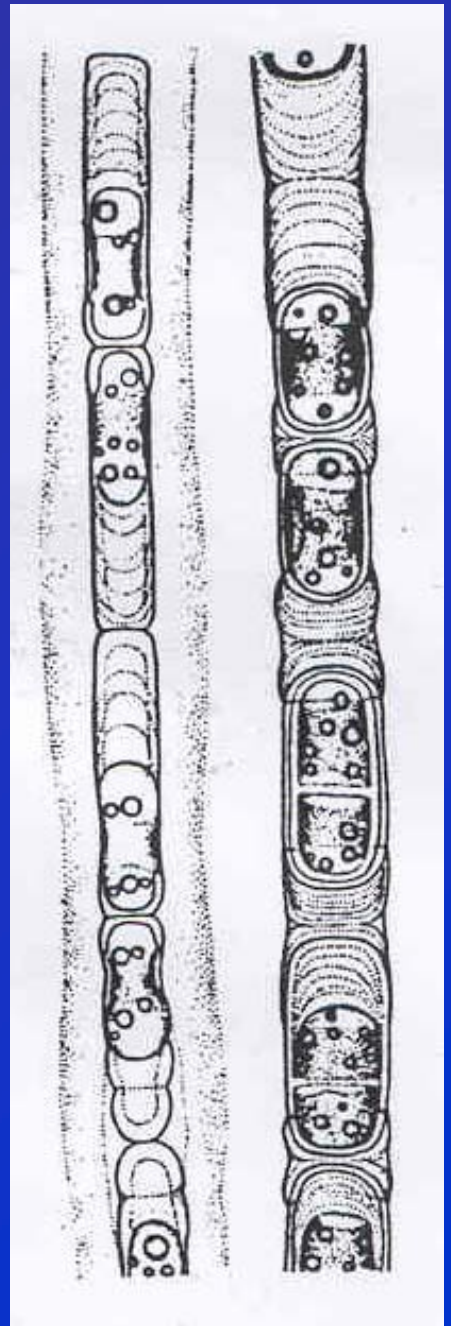


Binuclearia

- trichální
- polární
- buněčné stěny ve tvaru H, vrstevnaté
- chloroplast s pyrenoidem

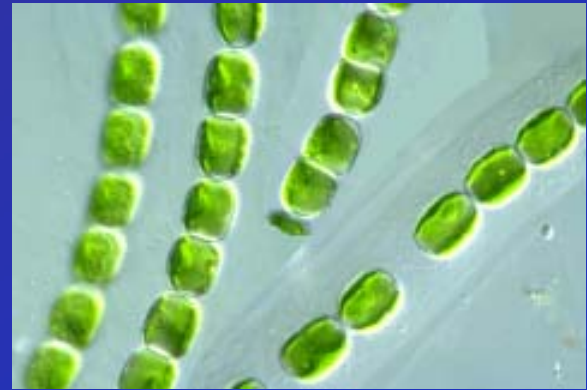
B. tectorum

- rašelinné biotopy, oligotrofní vody

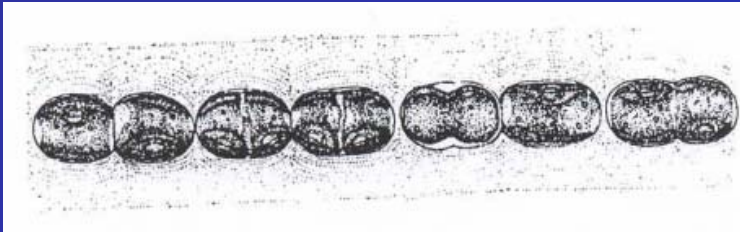


Geminella

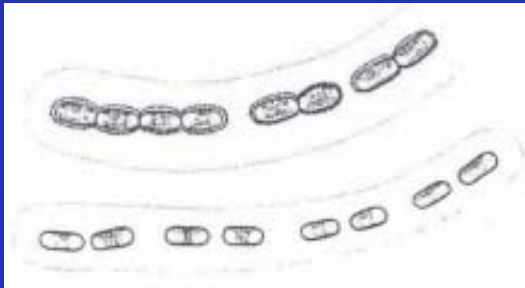
- trichální
- slizový obal, pochva
- jednoduchá b. s.
- chloroplast s pyrenoidem × *Gloeotila*



G. mutabilis



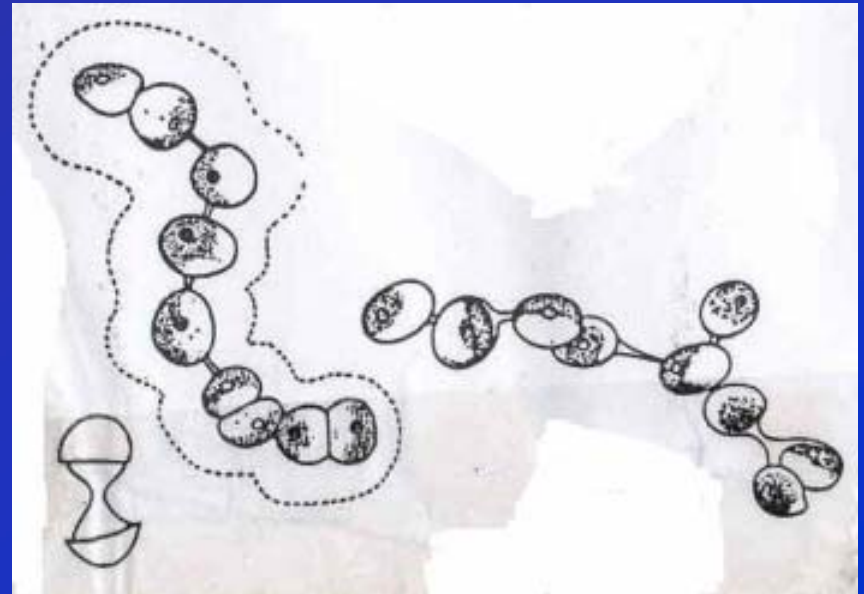
G. interrupta



Interfilum (Radiofilum)

- "trichální - heterotrichální,, - jedna či více řad
- slizový obal, pochva
- buňky spojené hyal. výběžky, dvoudílná b. s.
- chloroplast s pyrenoidem

I. paradoxum



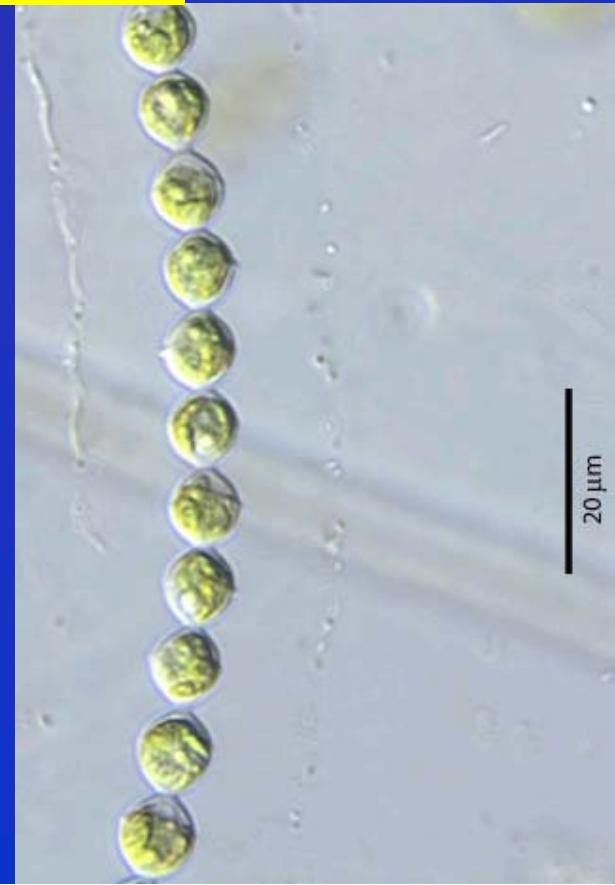
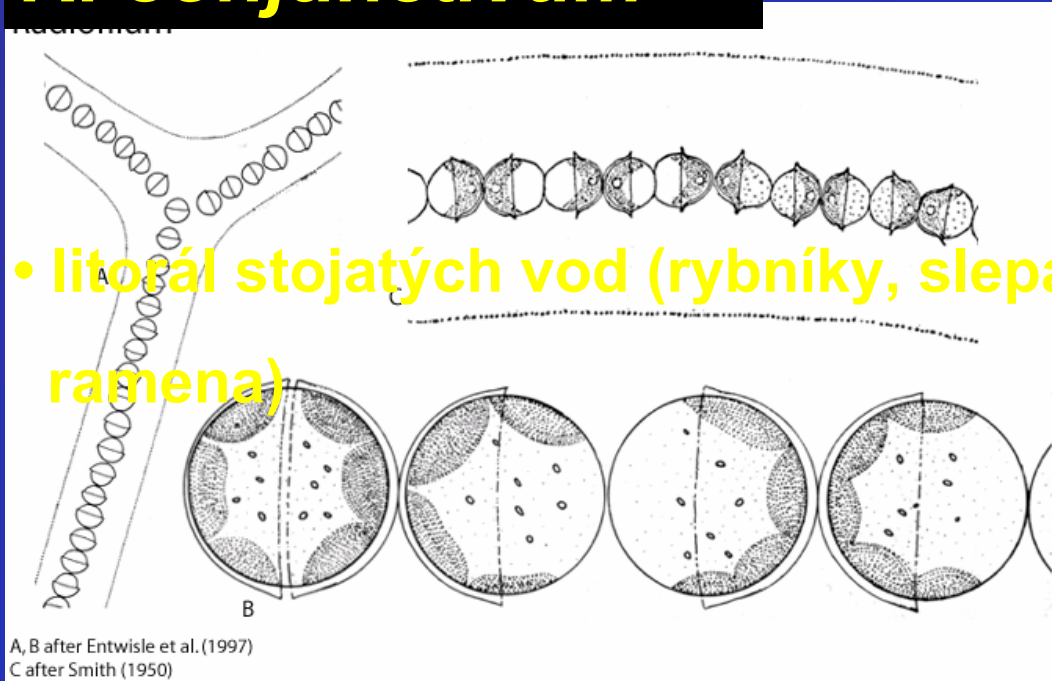
- litorál malých nádrží, epifytický (vířník *Ophridium versatile*)

Radiofilum

- "trichální,, - jedna či více řad
- slizový obal, pochva
- buňky spojené hyal. výběžky, dvoudílní b. s.
- chloroplast s pyrenoidem (1, 2) !

R. conjunctivum

- litorál stojatých vod (rybníky, slepá ramena)



Microspora

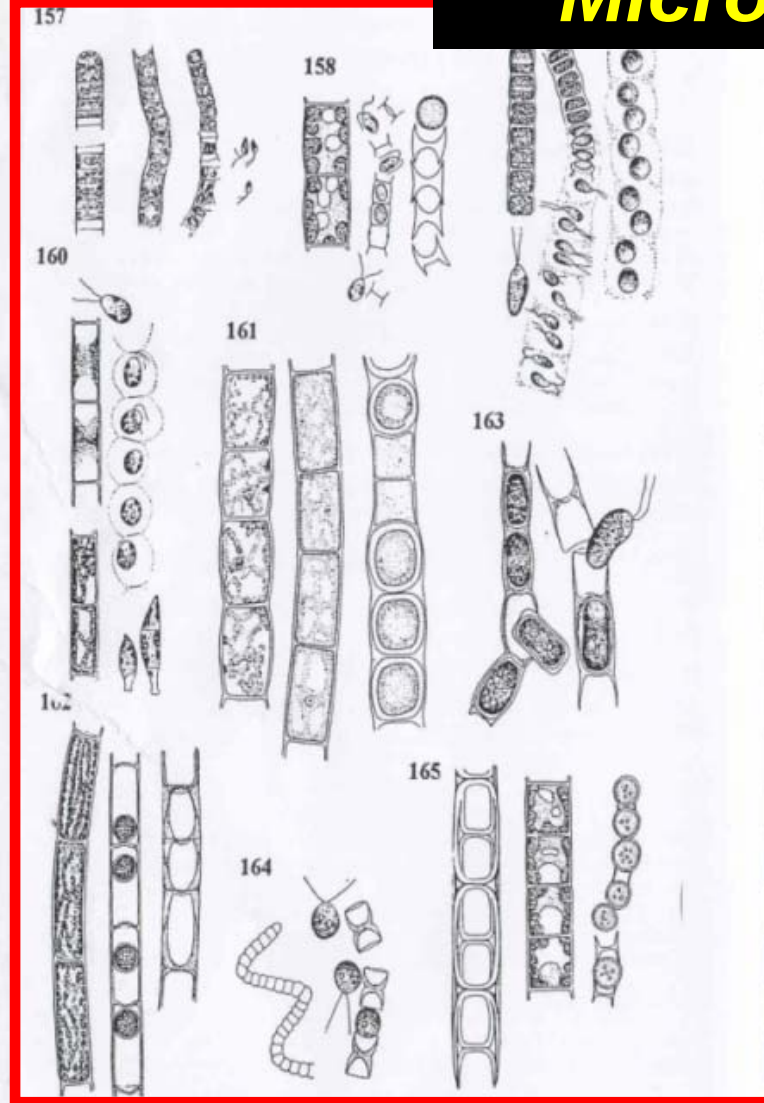
- trichální
- izopolární
- rhizoidy
- apod. b. zaoblené
- H kusy
- chloroplast bez P



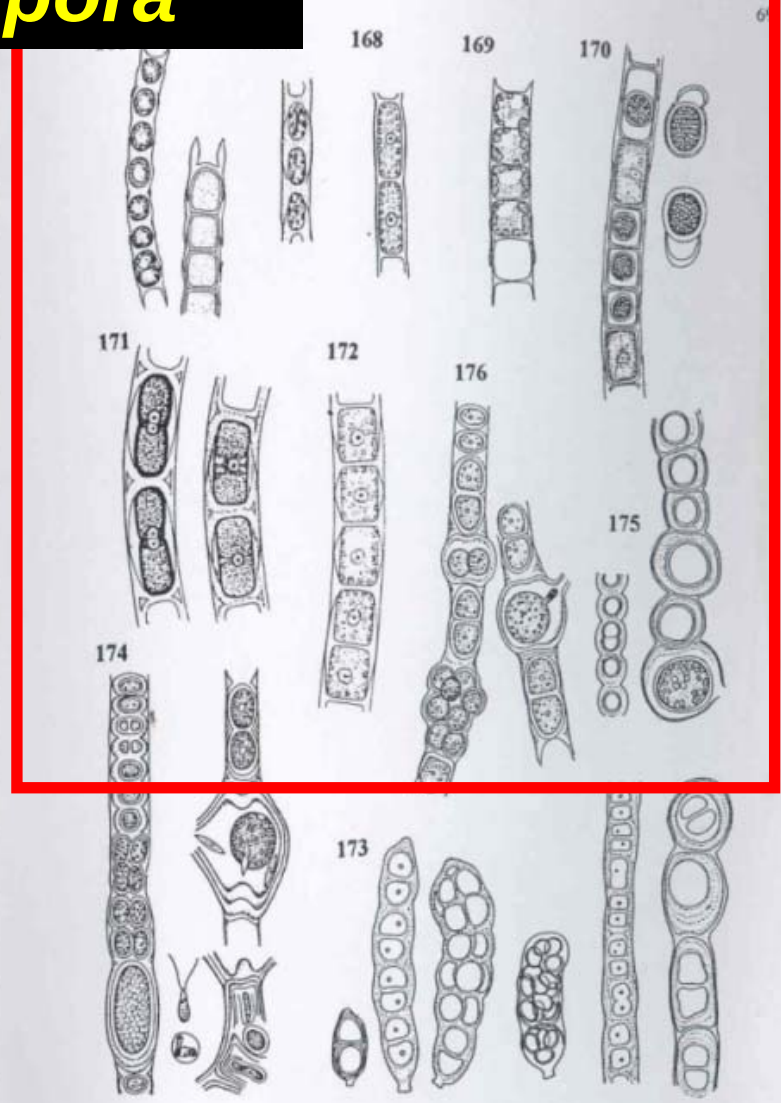
- čisté a chladné vody?

Pro určování doporučujeme článek Lokhorst (1999): Taxonomic study of the genus *Microspora*. – *Algological Studies* 93: 1-38.

Microspora



Obr. 157-165: 157 *Microsporopsis binzii*, 158 *Microspora tumidula*, 159 *M. quadrata*, 160 *M. stagnorum*, 161 *M. floccosa*, 162 *M. spirogyroides*, 163 *M. willeana*, 164 *M. lauterbornii*, 165 *M. abbreviata*.



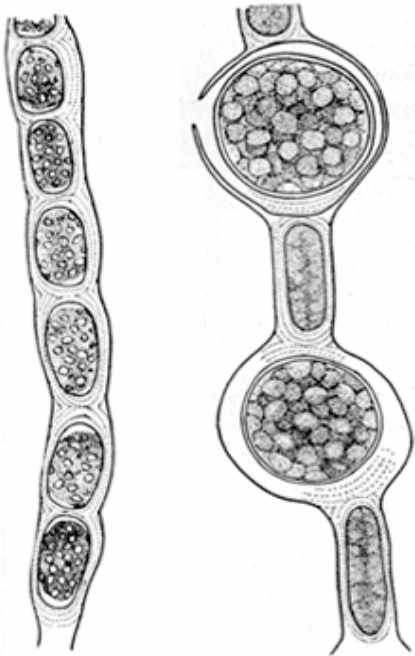
Obr. 166-176: 166 *Microspora palustris* var. *palustris*, 167 *M. pachyderma*, 168 *M. loefgrenii*, 169 *M. aequabilis* var. *aequabilis*, 170 *M. witrockii*, 171 *M. amoena* var. *amoena*, 172 *M. crassior*, 173 *Cylindrocapsa conferta*, 174 *C. involuta*, 175 *C. geminella* var. *geminella*, 176 *C. geminella* var. *minor*.

Zde tabule z publikace Hindák (1996): Kluč na určování nerozkonárených vláknitých zelených řas

Cylindrocapsa

- trichální
- slizová stopka (mladá st.)
- b. s. vrstevnatá (starší st.)
- chloroplast s pyrenoidem

Cylindrocapsa



A
A after Prescott (1951)
B after Entwisle et al. (1997)



B



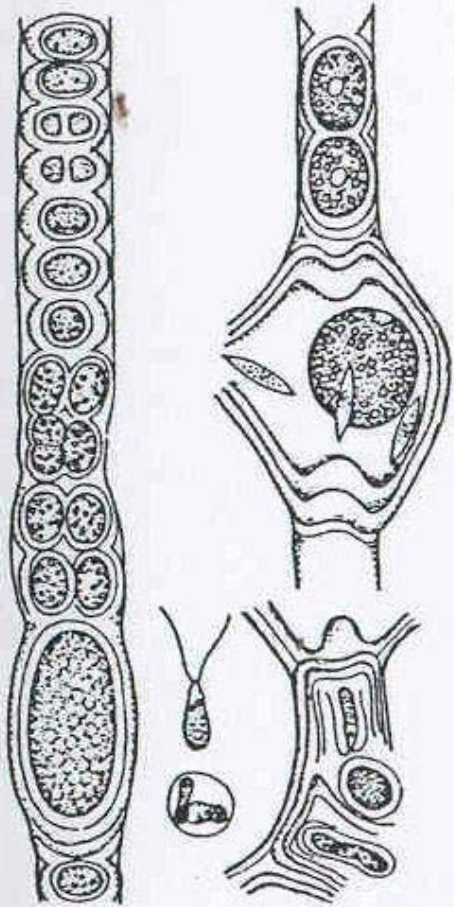
30 μm

Jason O

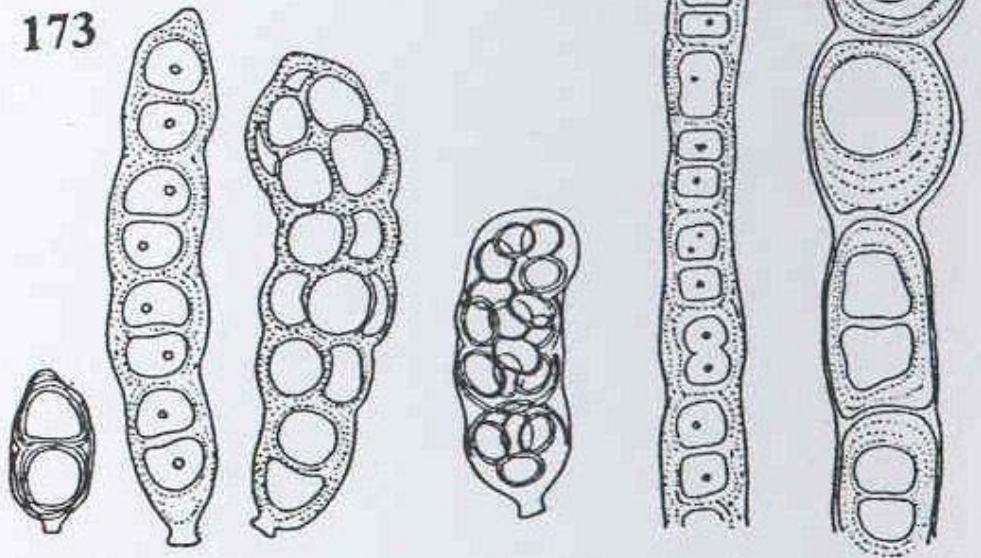
C. conferva

C. involuta

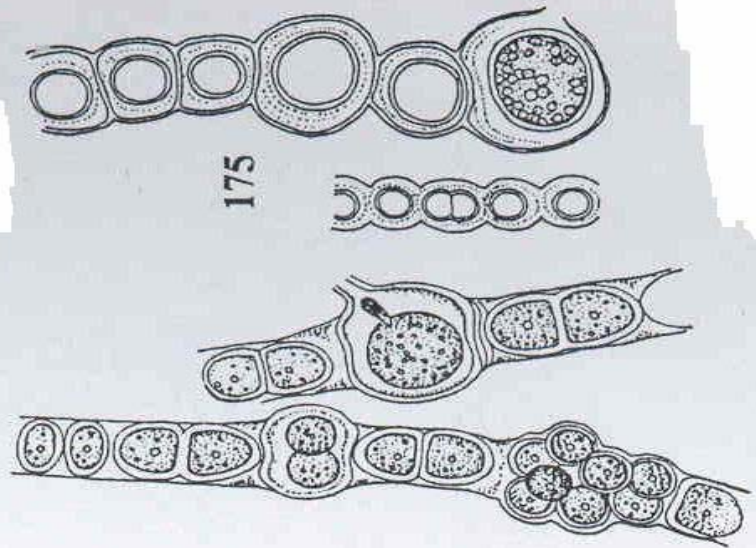
C. geminella



173



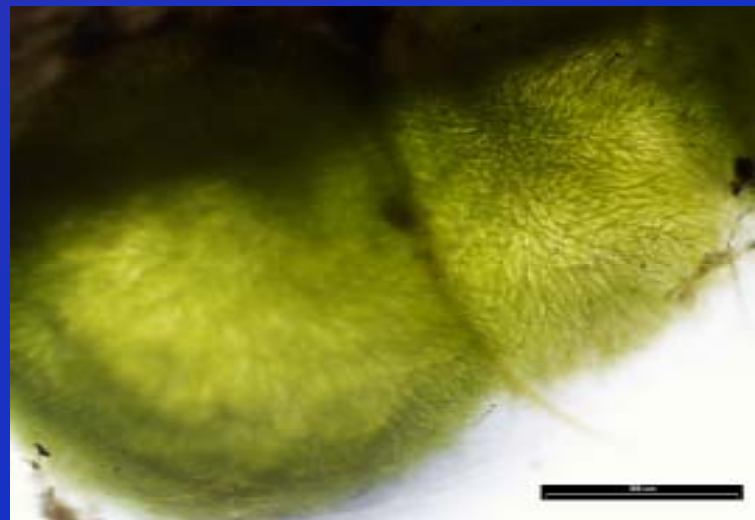
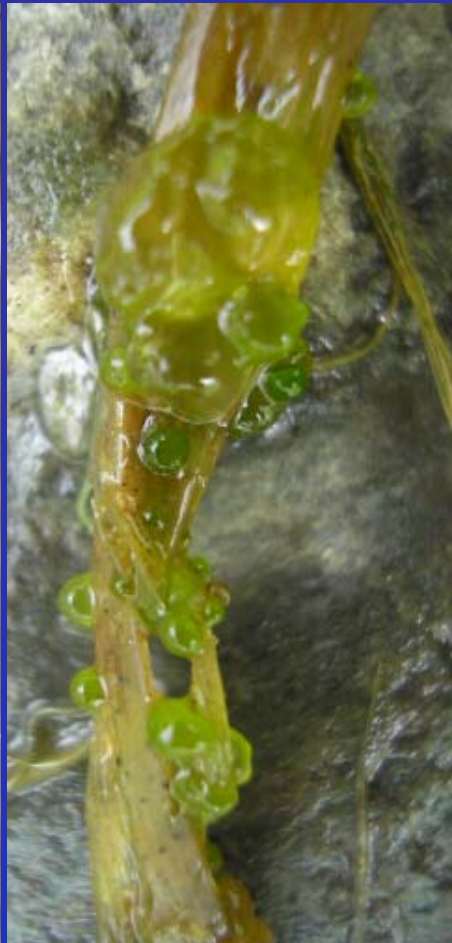
176



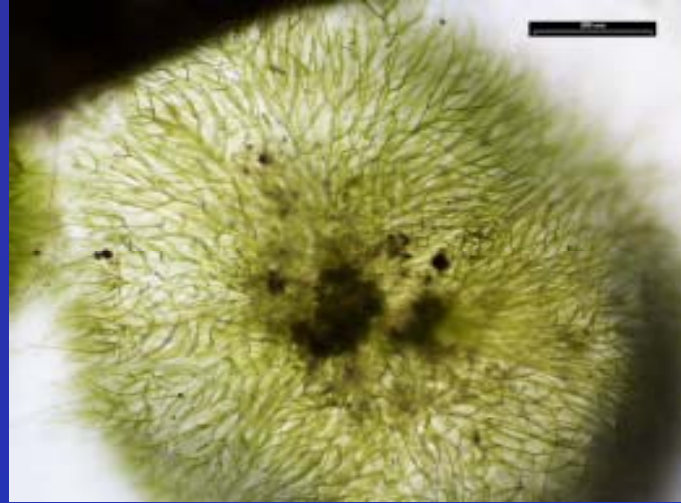
175

Chaetophorales

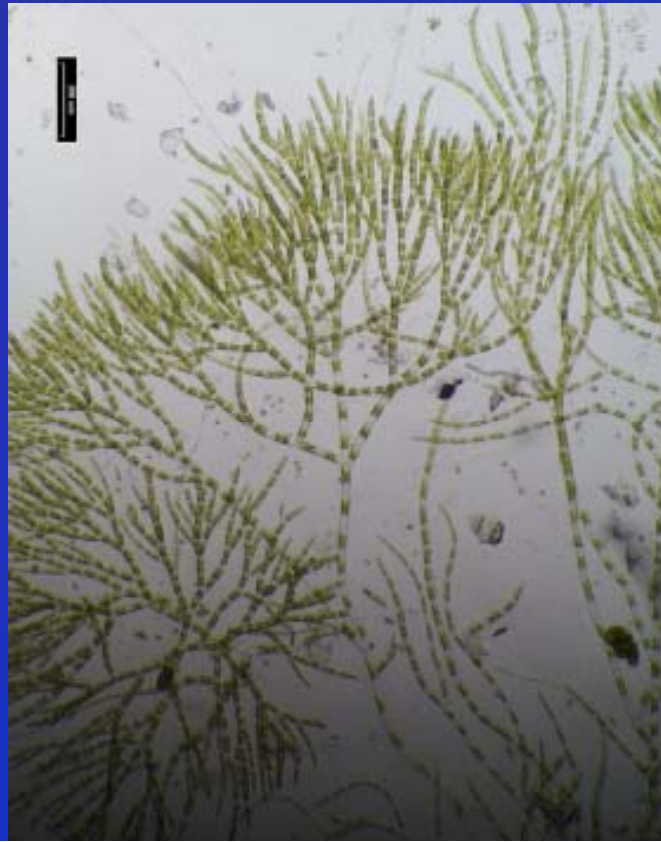
Chaetophora



- heterotrichální stélka obalená slizem
- typický vzhled
- hyalinní vlasovité zakončení
- chloroplast s pyrenoidem

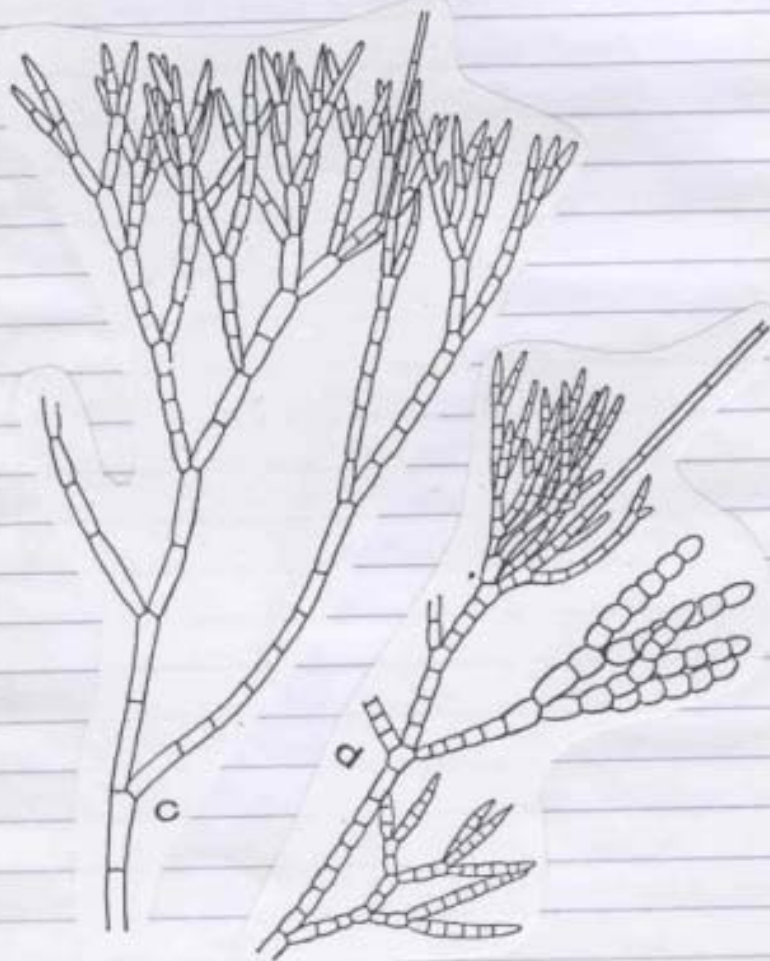


Ch. elegans



Chaetophora elegans

Části stélky: c, d, e



Vzhled (trasy) kolonie: a



Vzhled stélky: f
st. elegans
var. polydora

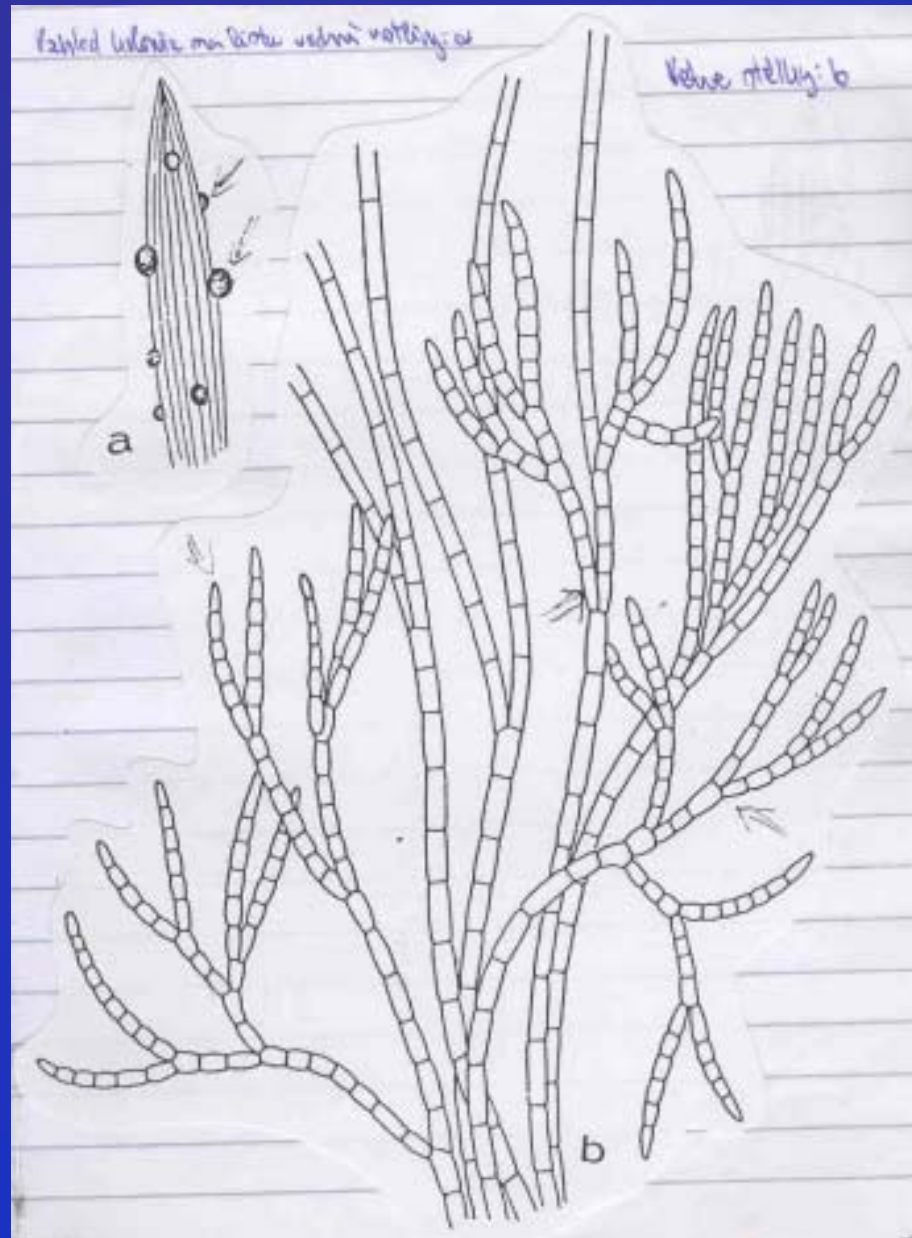
Ch. elegans 3n: g



kolonie o - tvaru: h

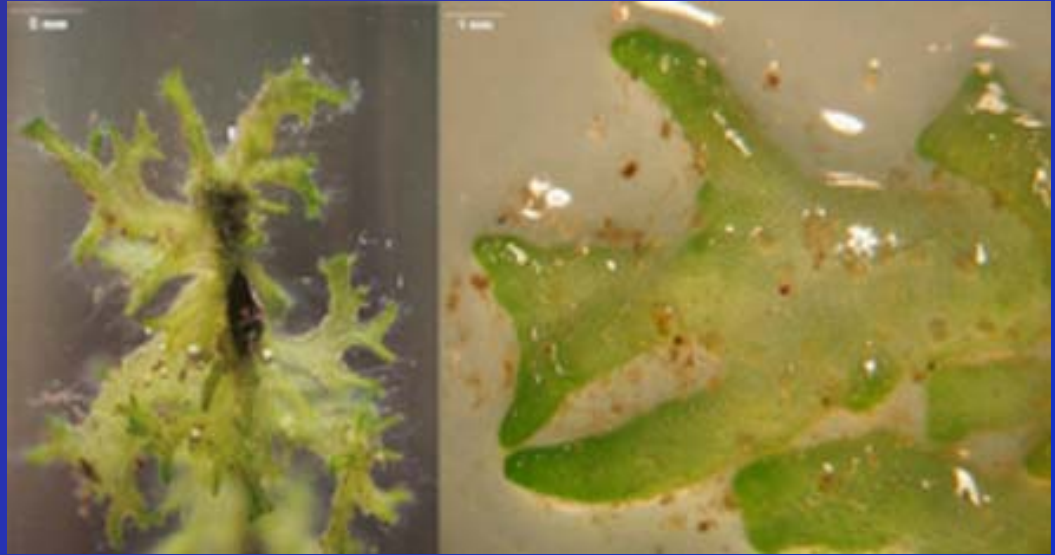


Ch. pisiformis



Chaetophora

Ch. incrassata

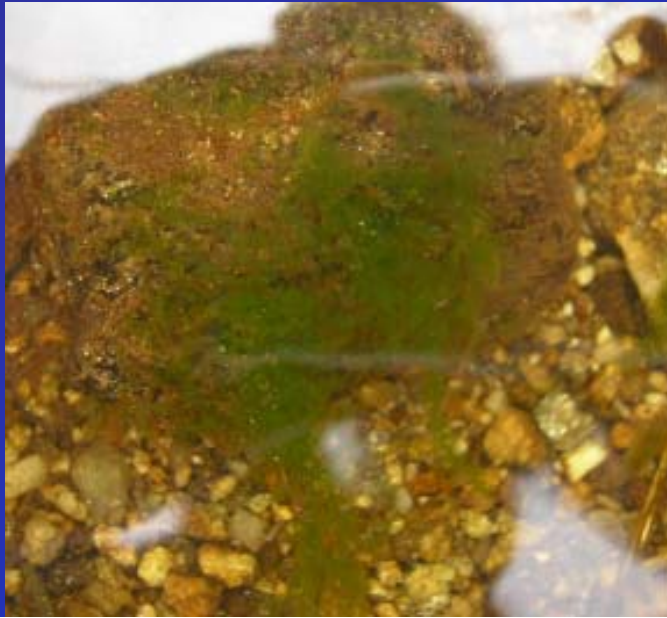


Determinační znaky:

- dichotomie makroskopické stélky
- typická morfologie větví
- bez hyalinních vlasů



Draparnaldia

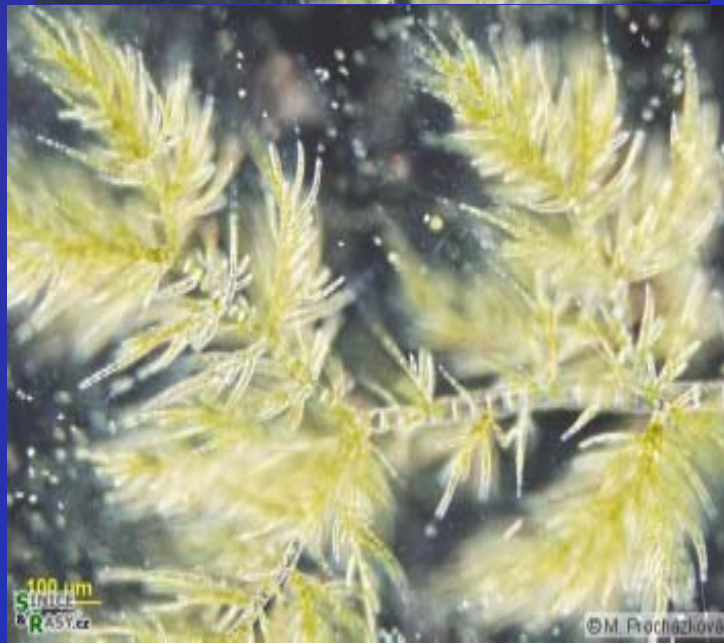
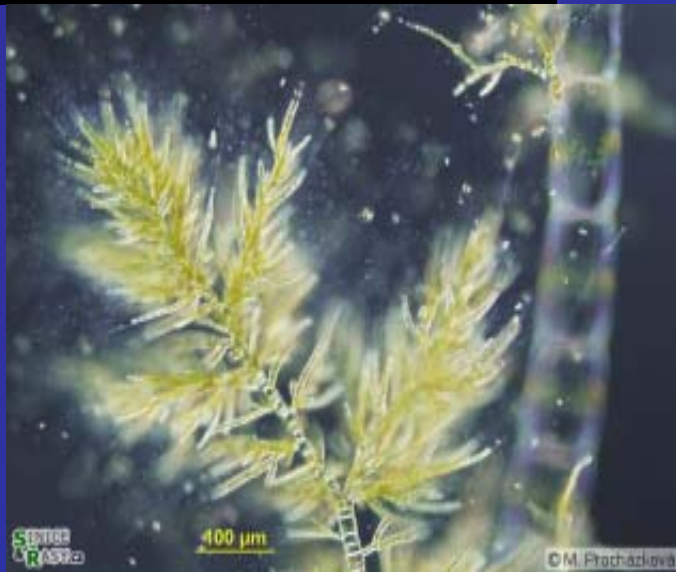


- heterotrichální
- makroskopické sliz. keříky
- chloroplast s pyrenoidy

D. acuta

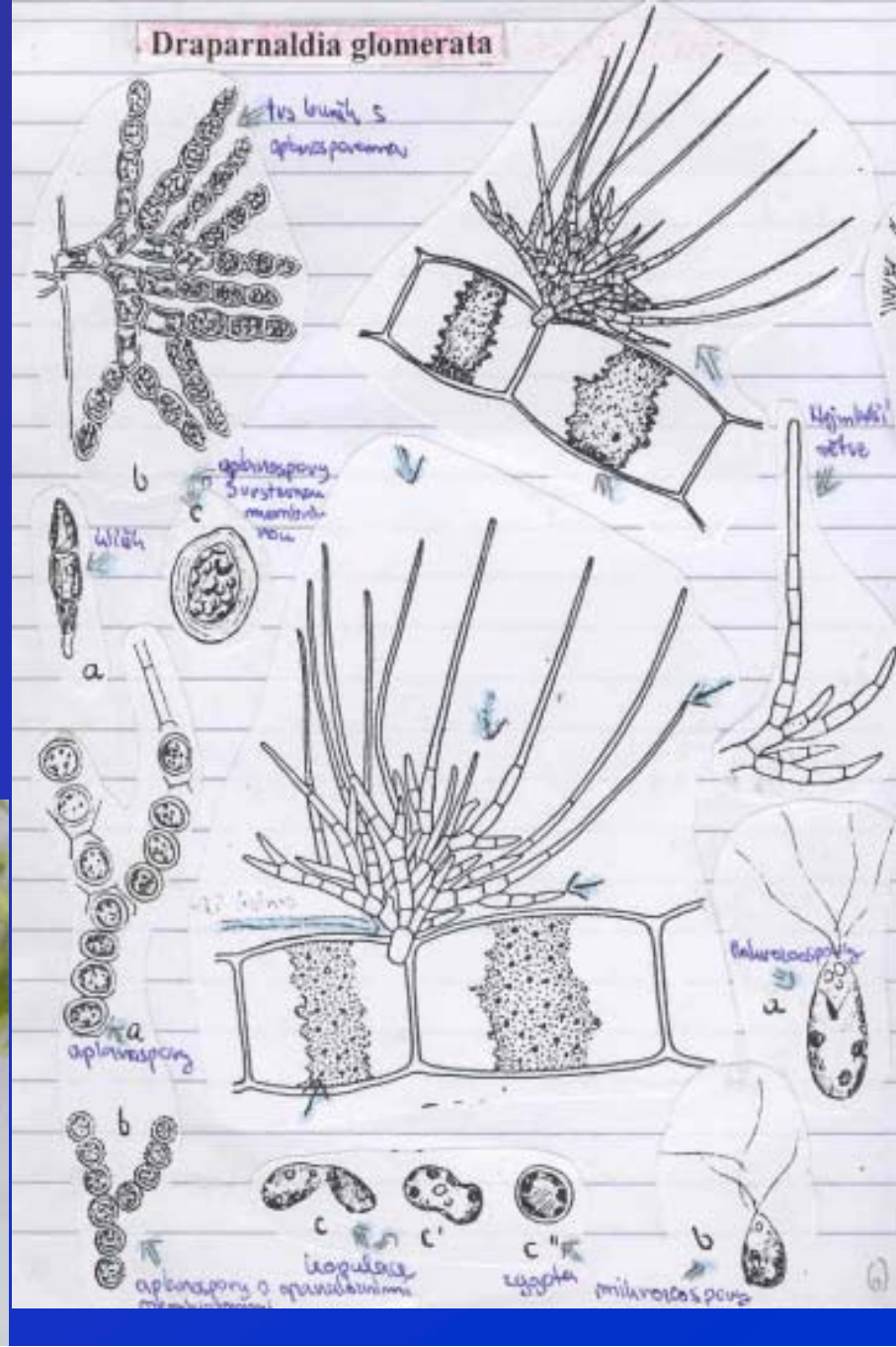


D. plumosa

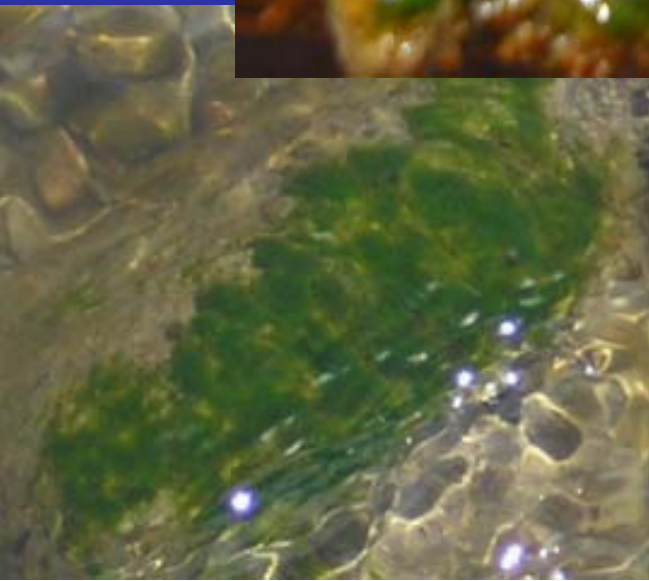
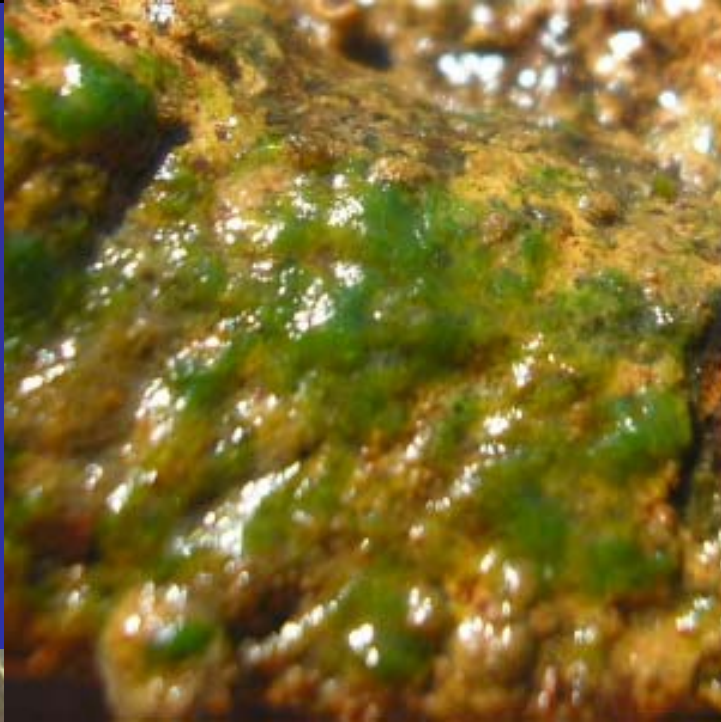


Draparnaldia plumosa (Vaucher) Agardh 1824 (= *D. mutabilis*)

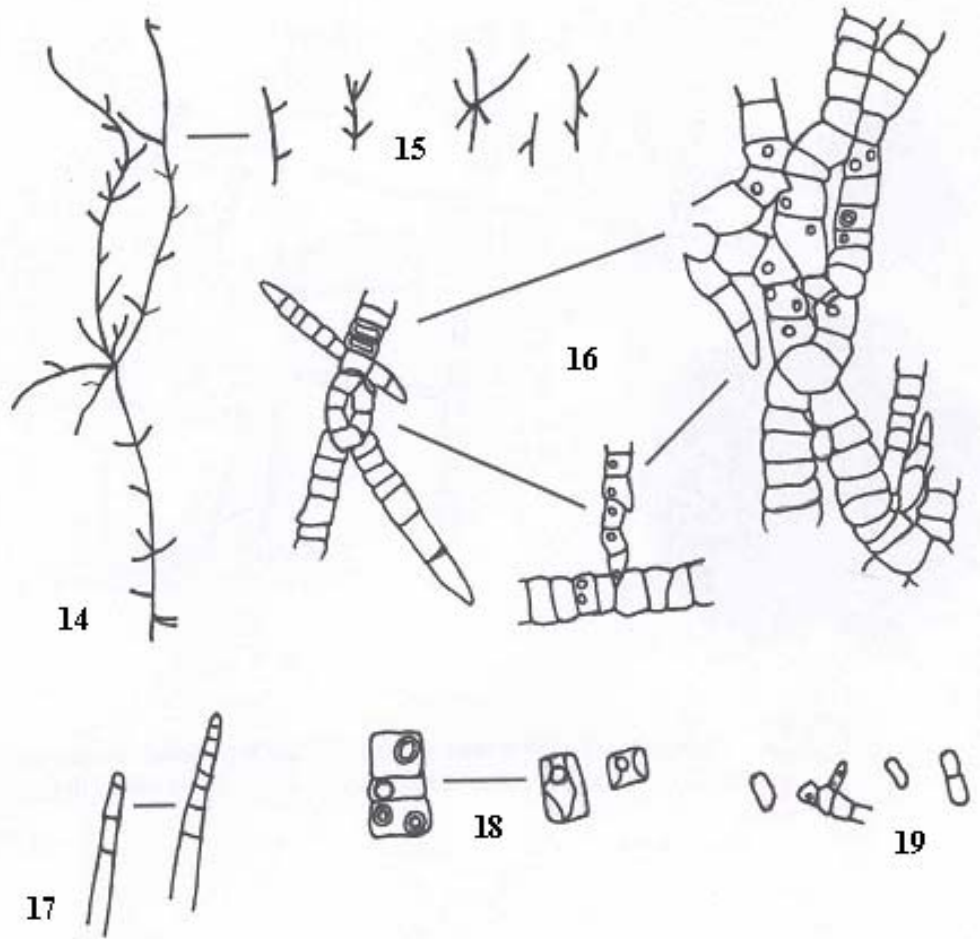
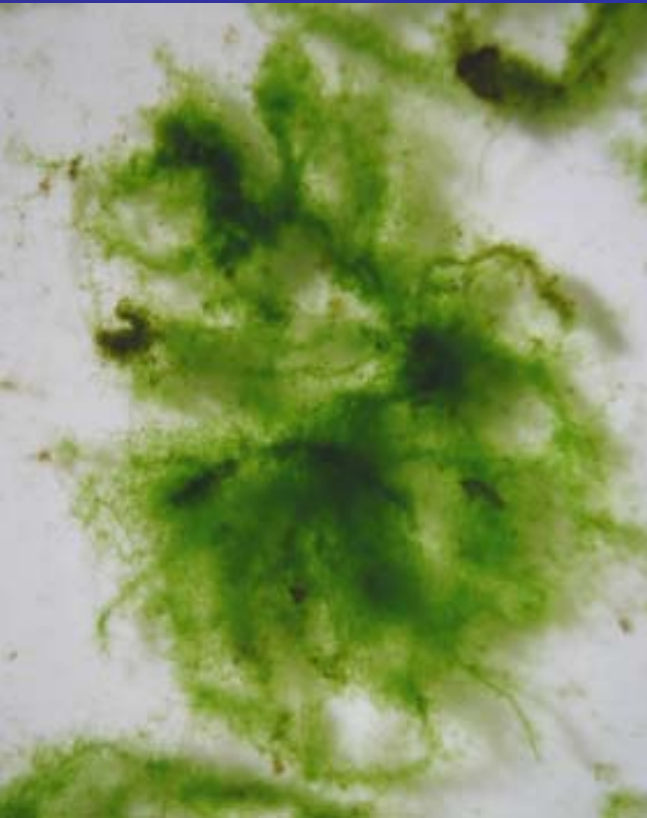


A micrograph showing a moss stem with several clusters of green, feathery leaves. A scale bar in the top left corner indicates 1mm.

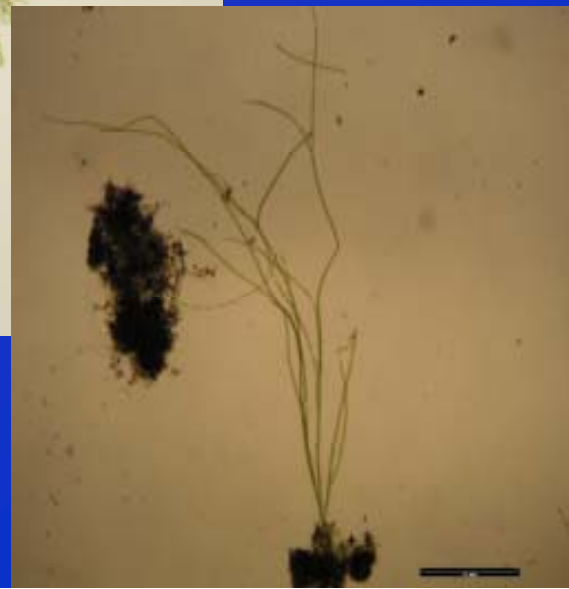
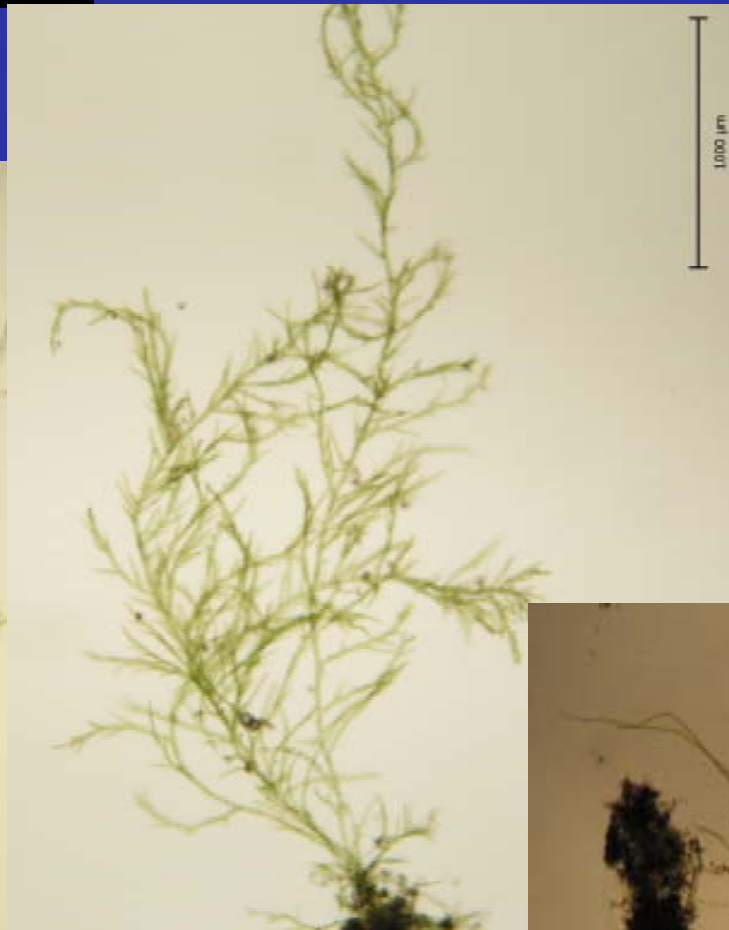
Stigeoclonium



S. farctum



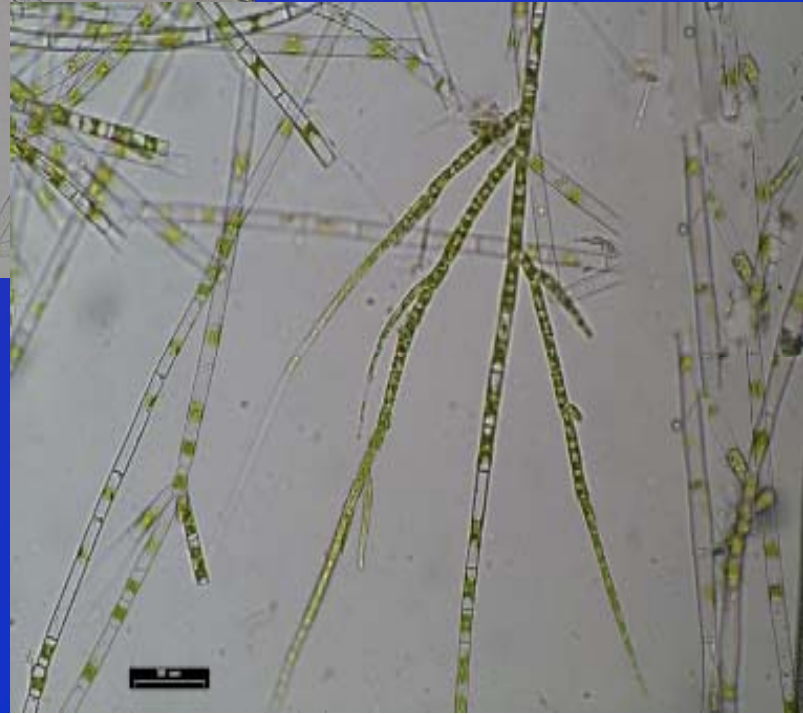
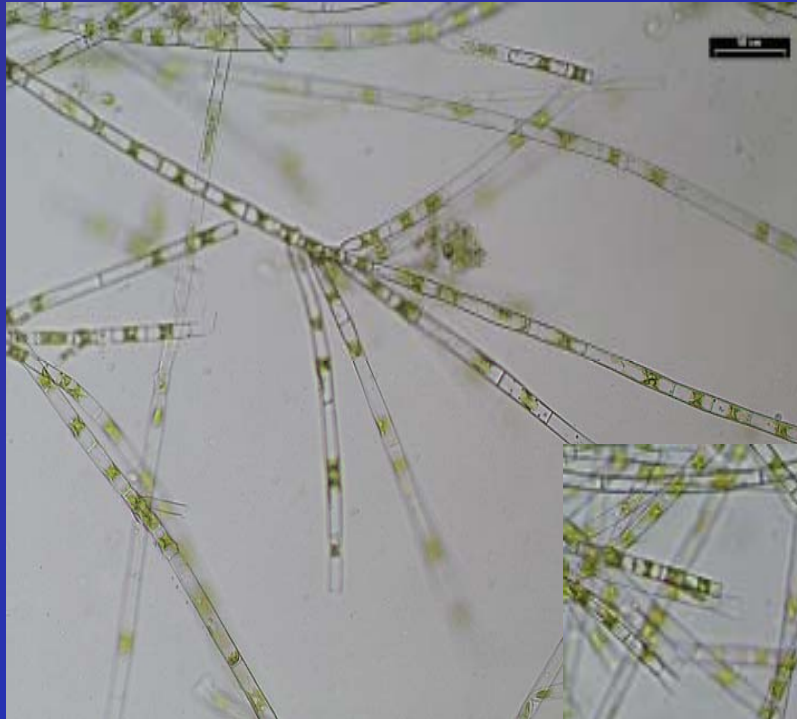
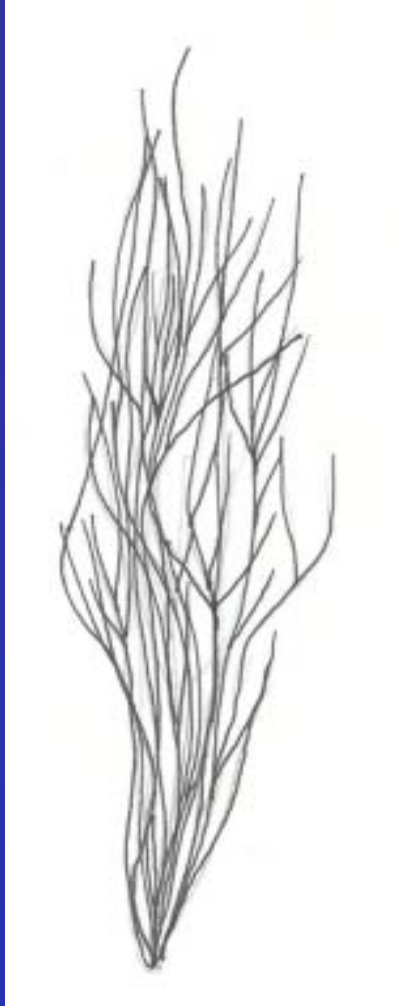
S. subsecundum



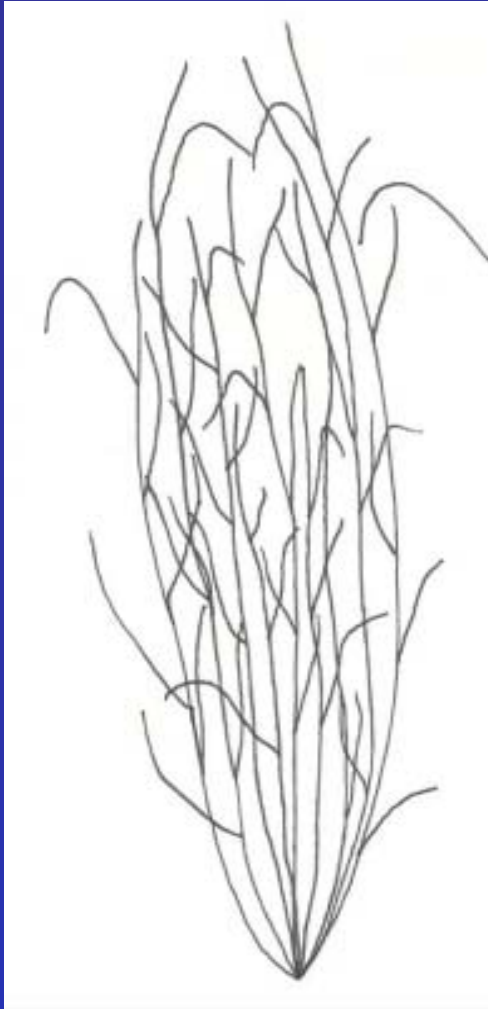
S. subsecundum



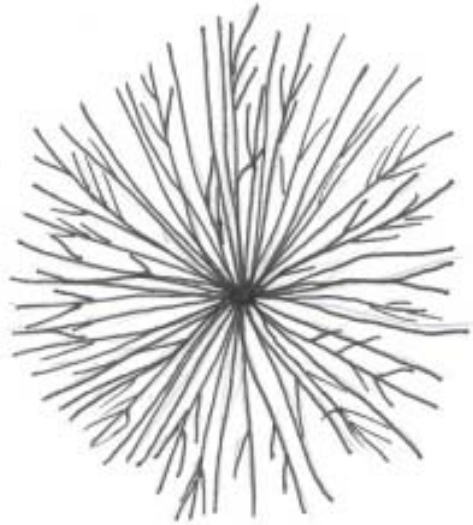
S. amoenum



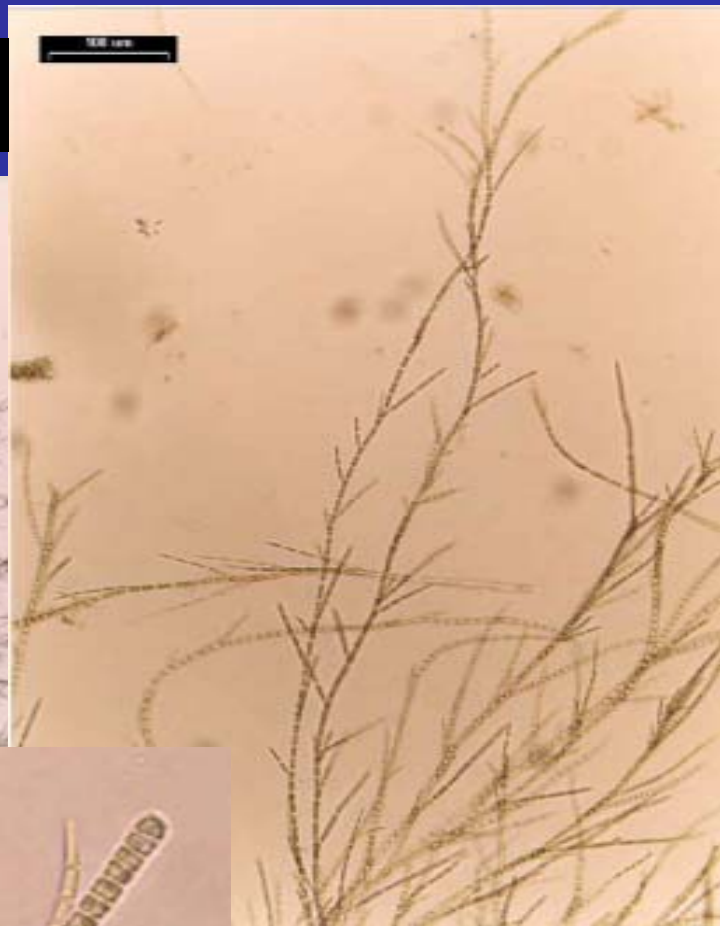
S. elongatum



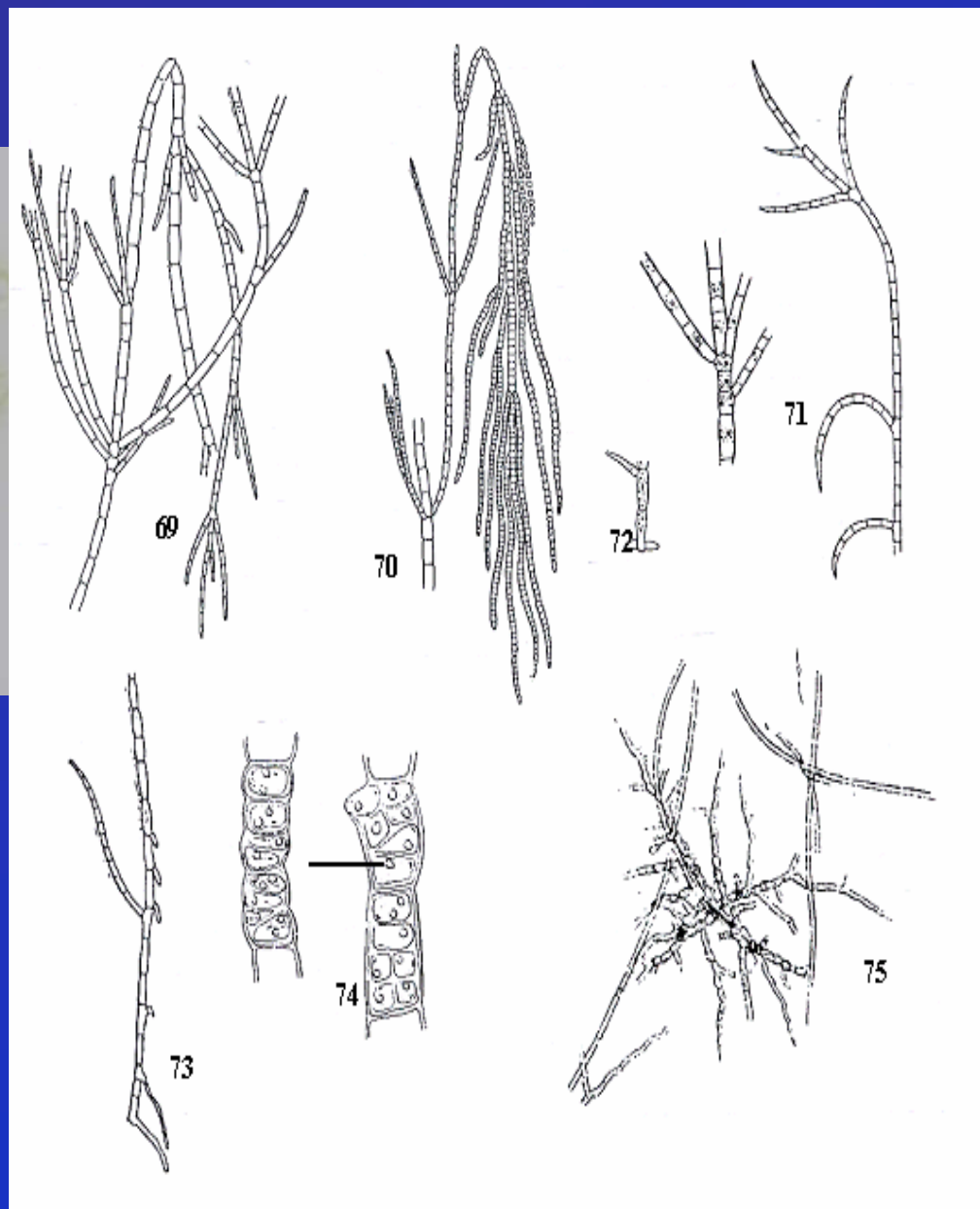
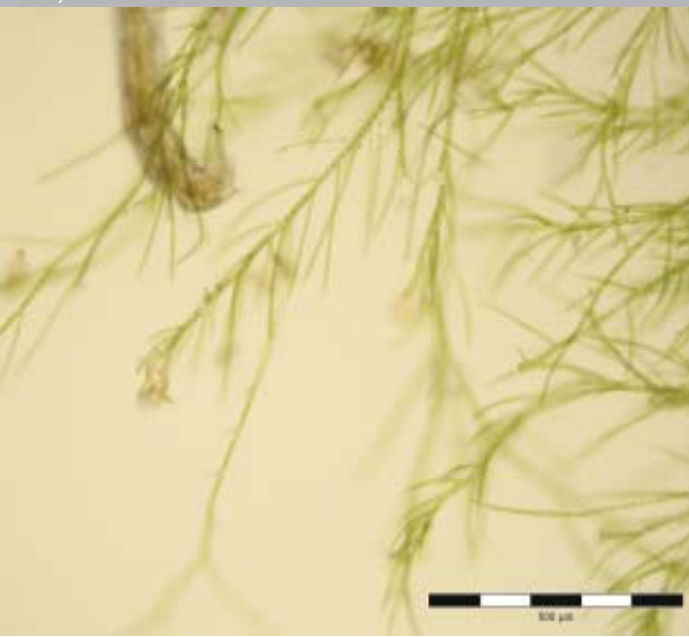
S. lubricum



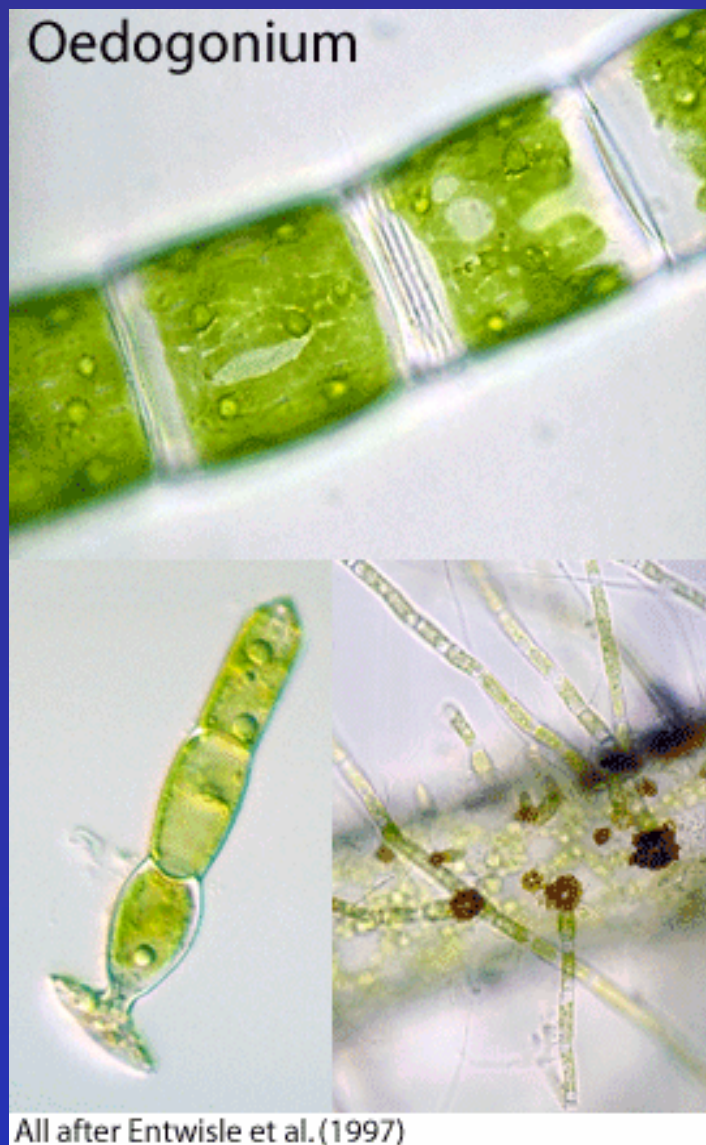
S. nanum



S. tenue



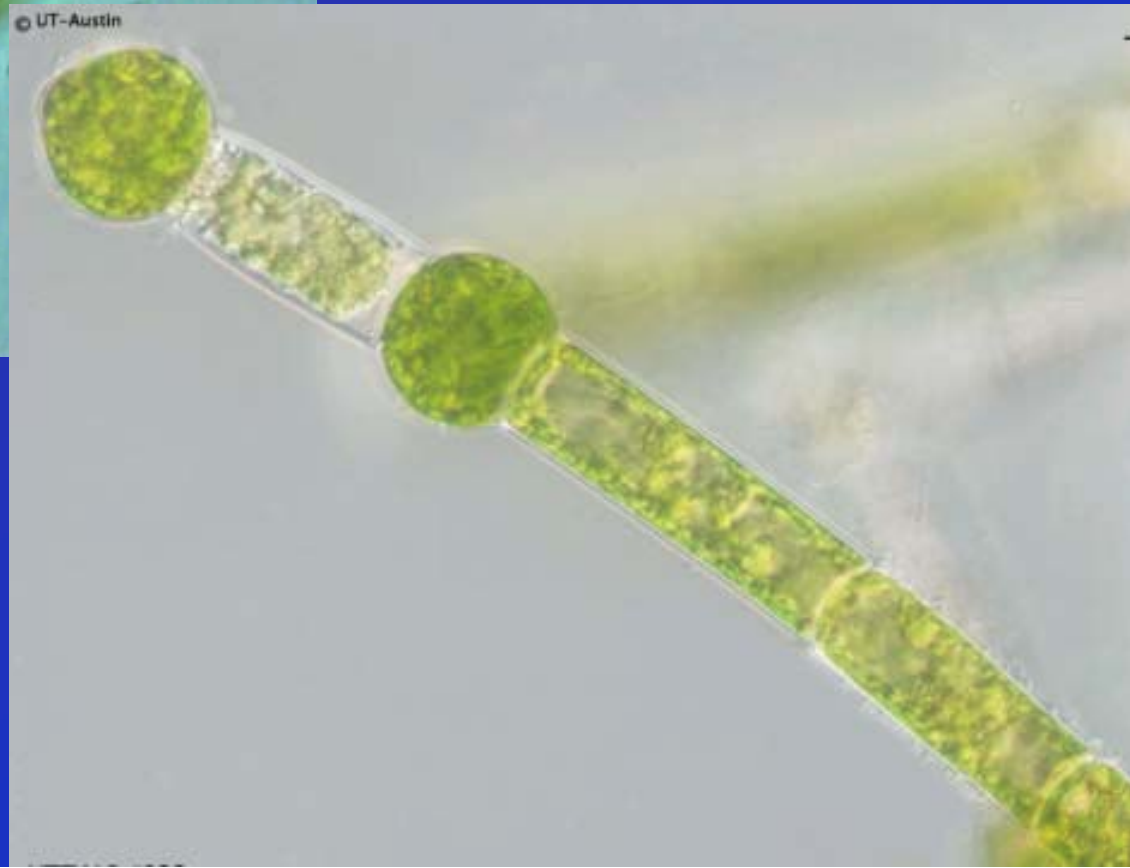
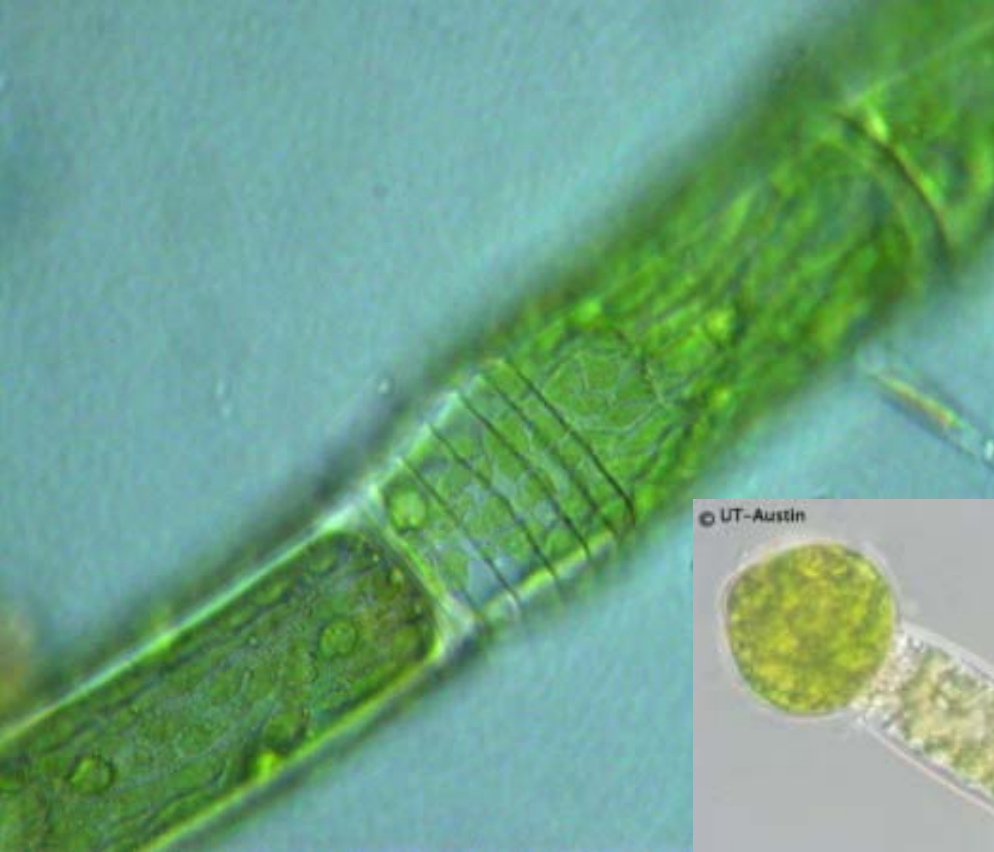
Oedogonium



Determinační znaky:

- límečky (kappen)
- oogonia
- typický tvar buňky

Oedogonium



O. undulatum

O. nodulosum



Bulbochaete

- heterotrichální
- polární
- epifyt

Determinační znaky:

hyalinní čepičky s vlasem

oogonia

Čistší vody

Bulbochaete



Microthamnion

- heterotrichální
- polární
- chloroplast bez pyrenoidu



NIES-479 *Microthamnion kützingianum*

10 μm

M. strictissimum

Gracilní stromečky

Vápencové a sirné prameny
minerální vody



K. kützingerianum

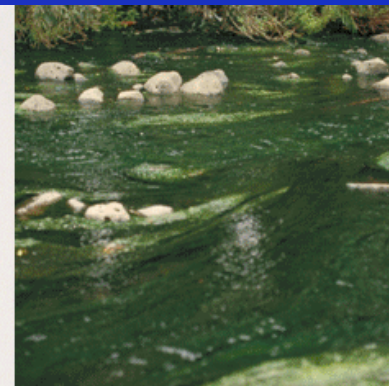
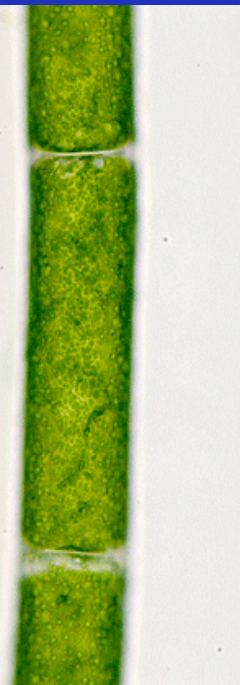
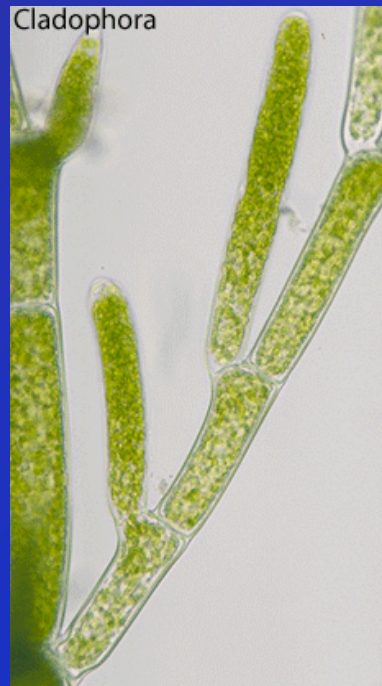
Robustnější

Čisté, mírně zaroslé vody,
kyselé a slatinné vody



Cladophora

- sifonokladální typ stélky
- typické větvení
- chloroplast s pyrenoidem
- schopnost tolerovat vysoký stupeň znečištění



All after Entwisle et al. (1997)

STOJATÉ VODY: *C. globulina*

C. fracta

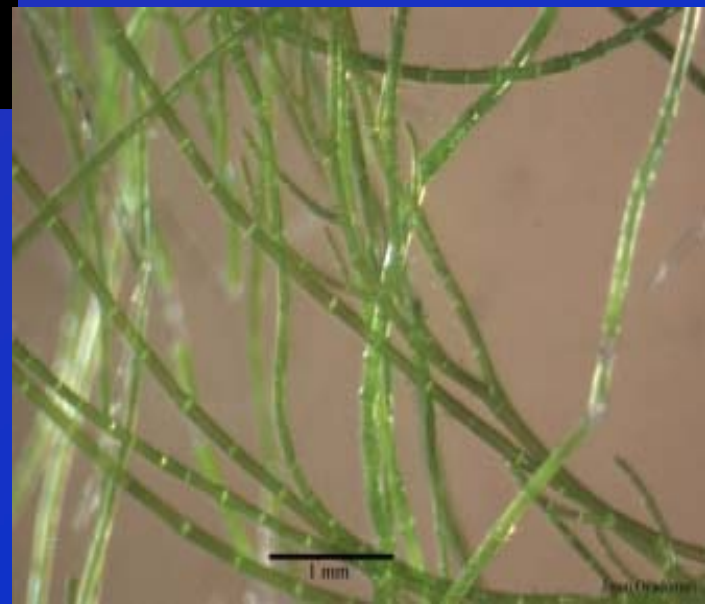
TEKOUCÍ VODY: *C. glomerata*

Oslava:

C. moravica

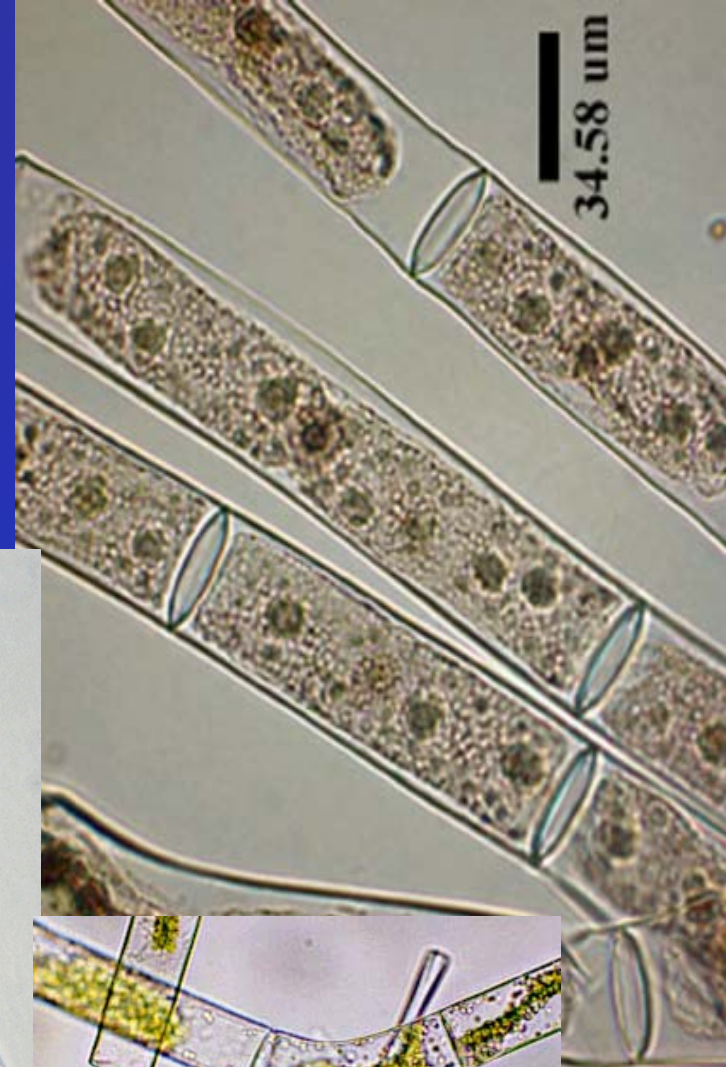
JEZERA:

C. aegagropila

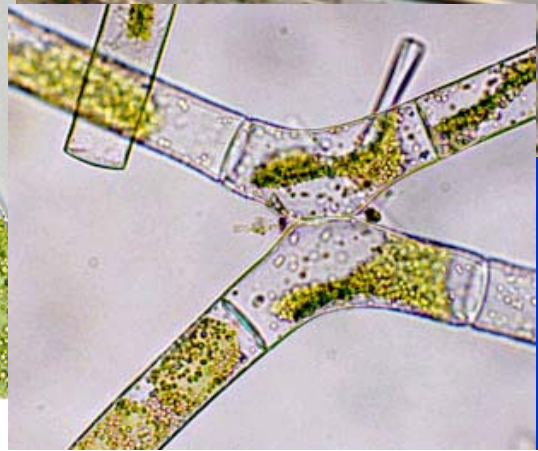
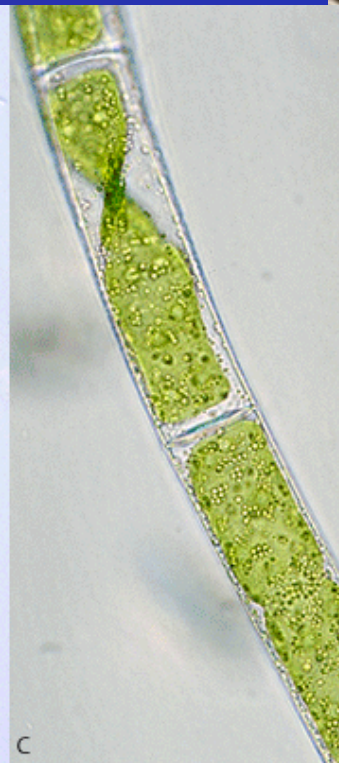
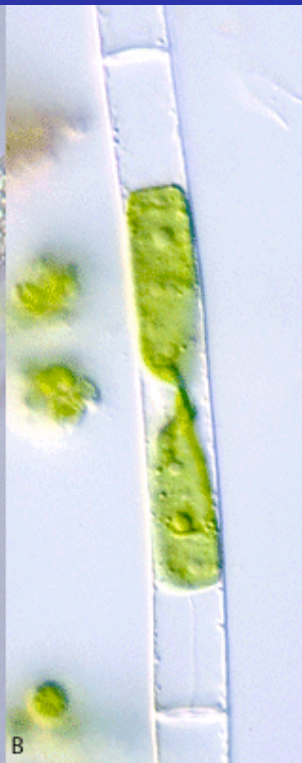
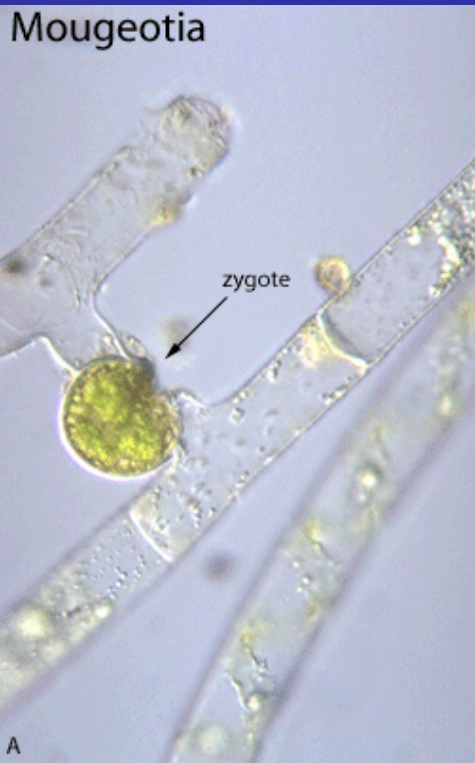


Mougeotia

- trichální
- čočkovité spojení buněk
- chloroplast nástěnný s pyrenoidy

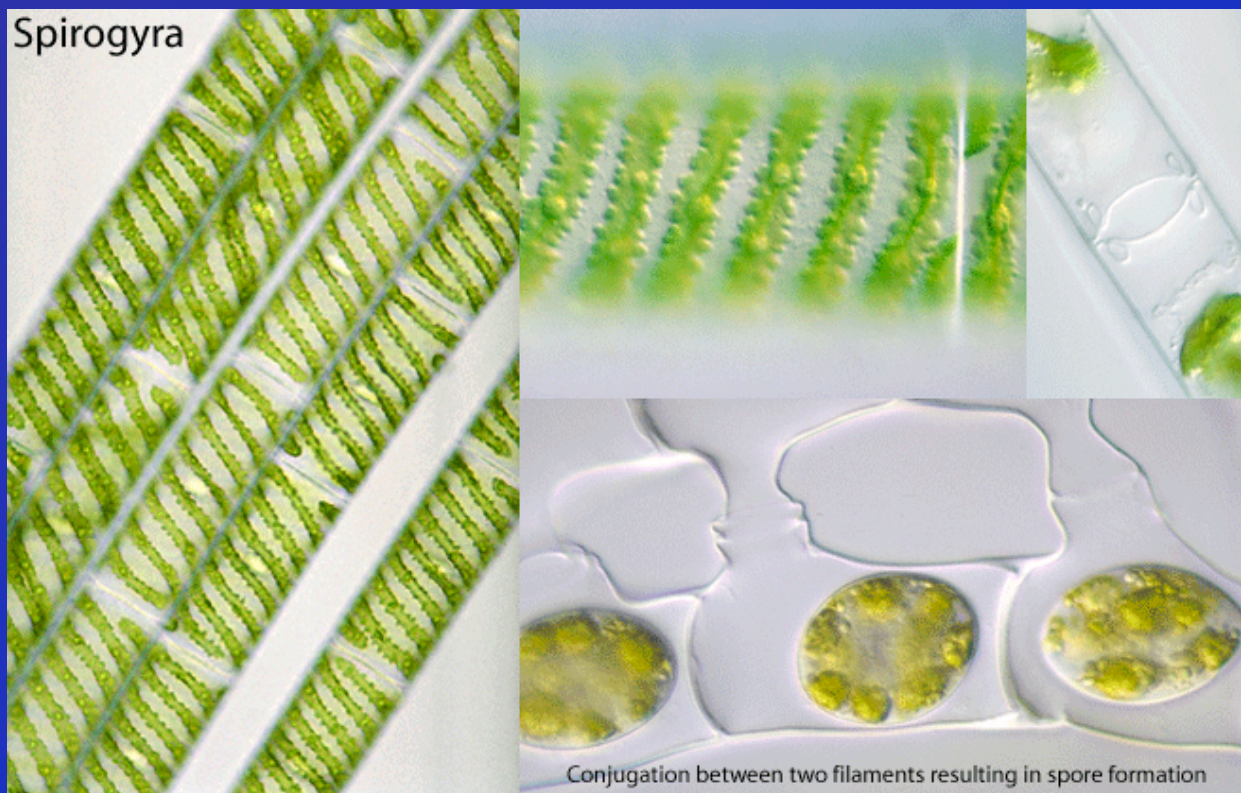


Mougeotia



Spirogyra

- trichální
- chloroplast spirální s pyrenoidy
- taxonomicky složitý

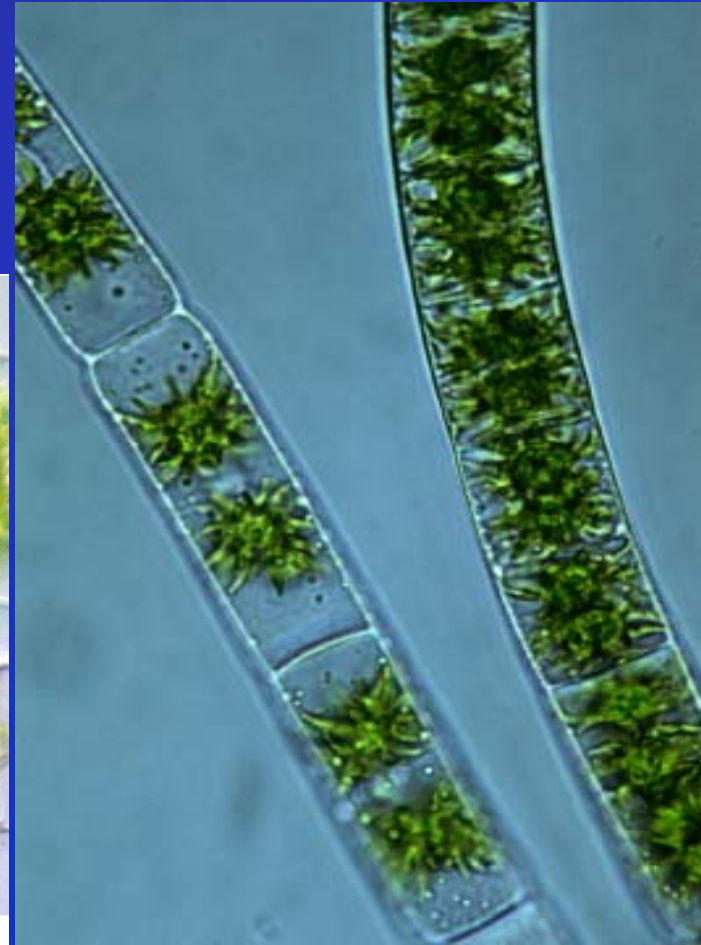
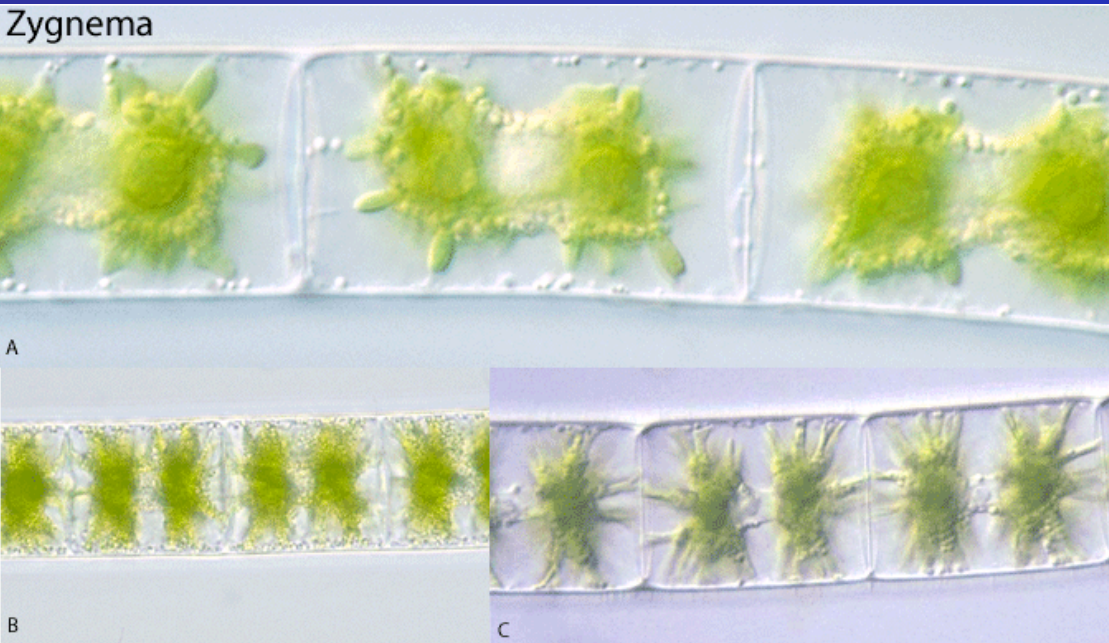


Spirogyra

Conjugation between two filaments resulting in spore formation

Zygnema

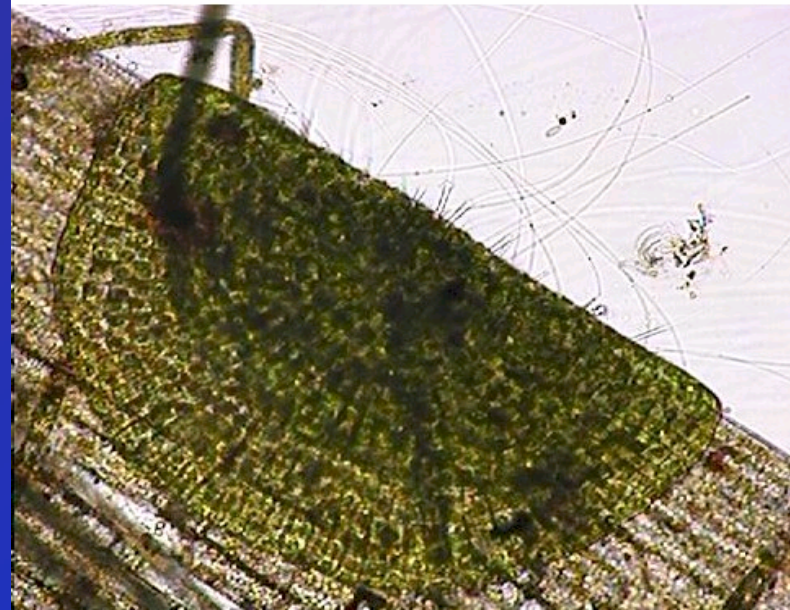
- trichální
- chloroplast hvězdičkovitý s pyrenoidem
- taxonomicky složitý



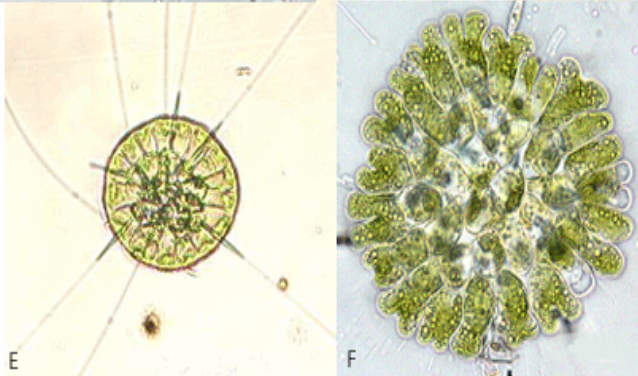
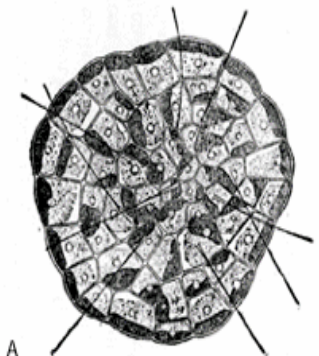
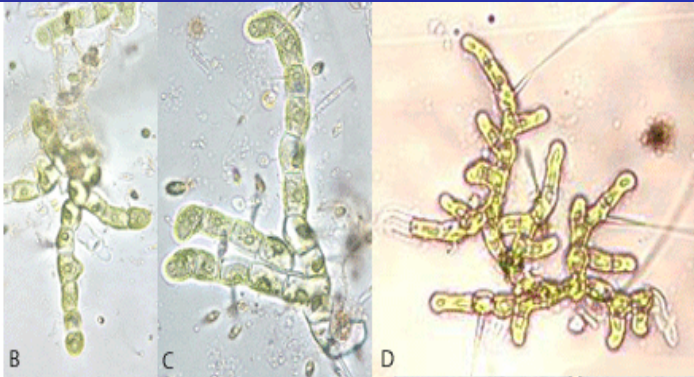
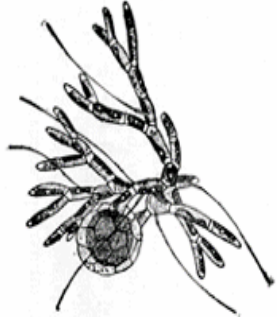
Coleochaete

- heterotrichální
- chloroplast s pyrenoidem
- epifyt

Coleochaete growing on edge of Elodea leaf



Coleochaete



Chara

- nevětvené větvičky
- 5 koronárních buněk

Nitella

- větvené větvičky
- 10 koronárních buněk



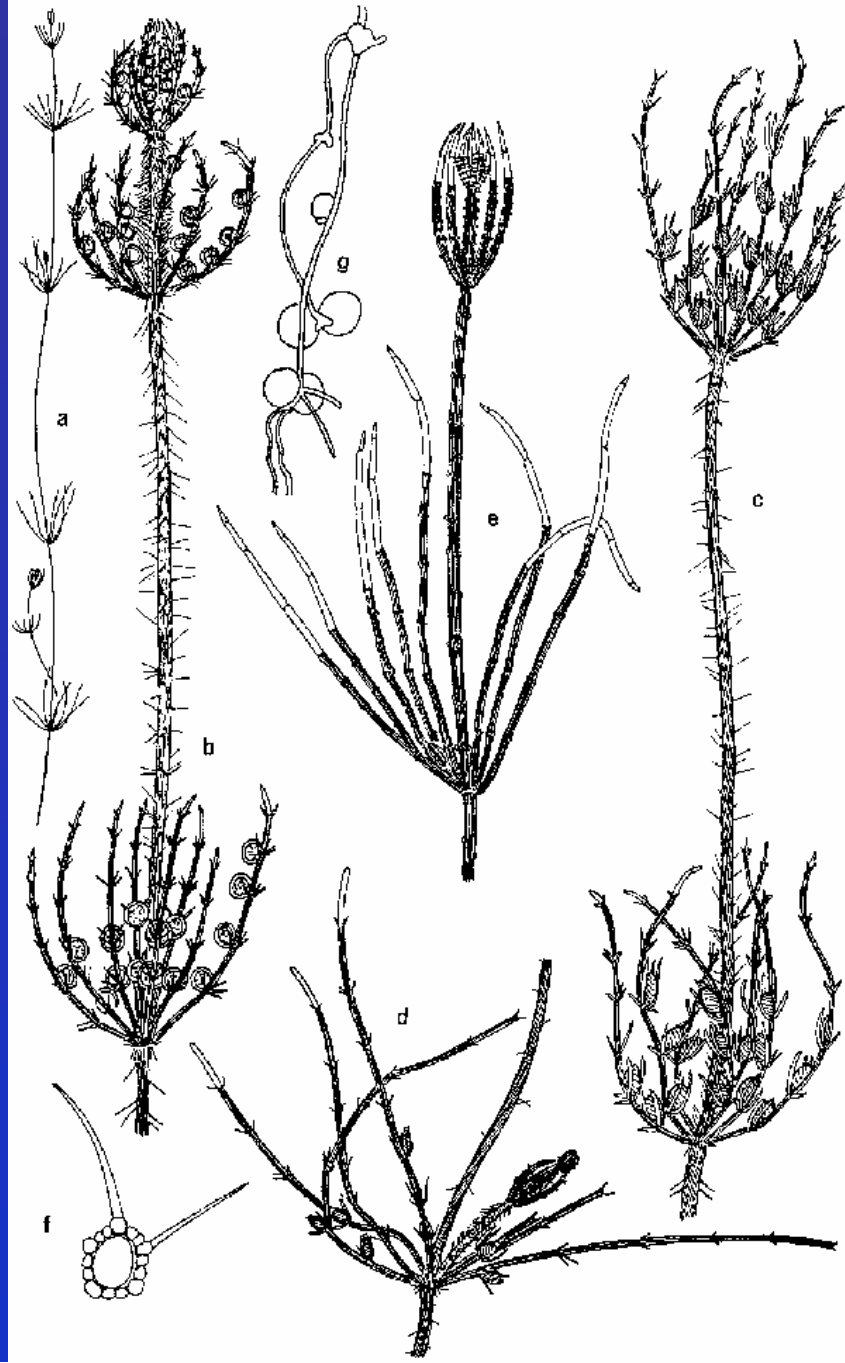
Ch. aspera

- cca 10 cm
- šedá až tmavězel. b.
- JEMNÉ OSTNY
- bílé cibulky na rhizoidy
- Máchovský rybník



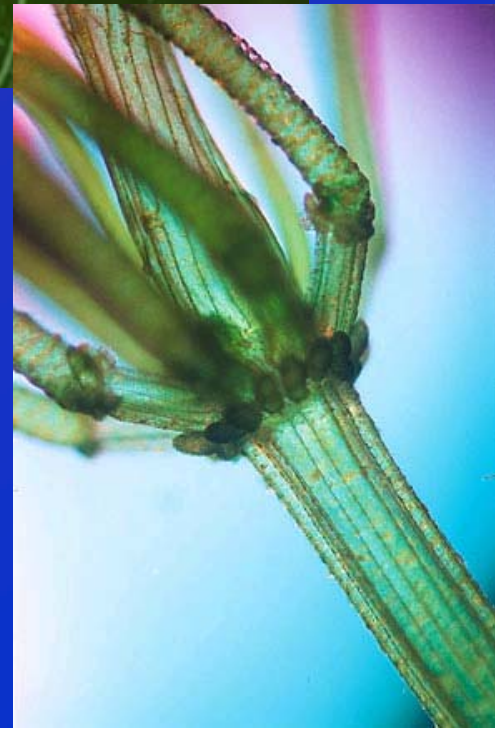
Chara aspera

© B. Humberg



Ch. vulgaris

- cca do 50 cm
- světlezel. b., inkrustace
- $\pm$ málo ostnů
- 2 řady stipul pod každým vět
- vypuštěné rybníky



Ch. fragilis

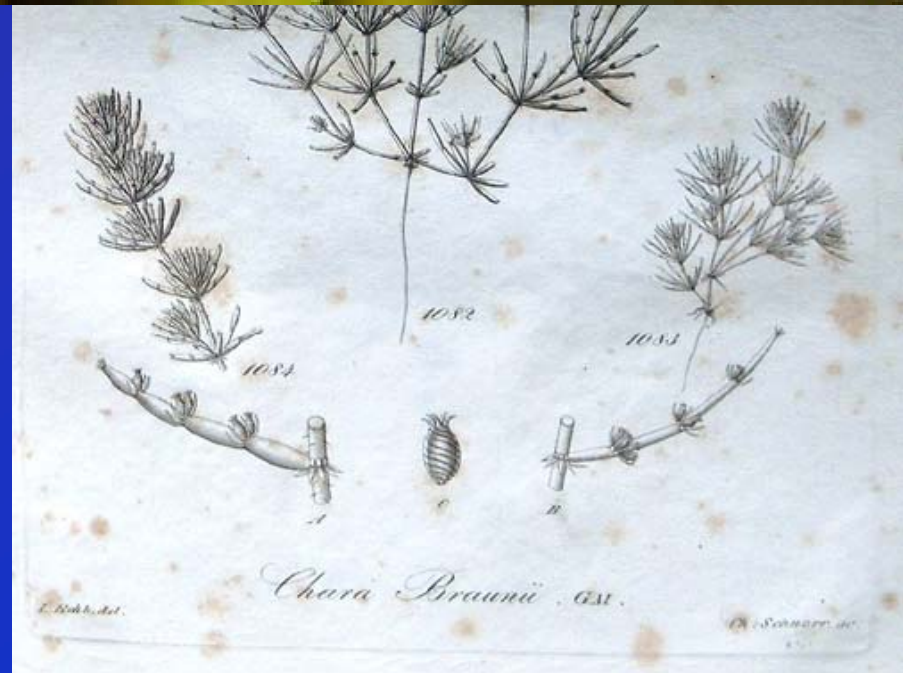
- světlezel. b., inkrustace
- téměř absence ostnů
- podélné rýhování
- malé stipuly
- velmi rozšířená



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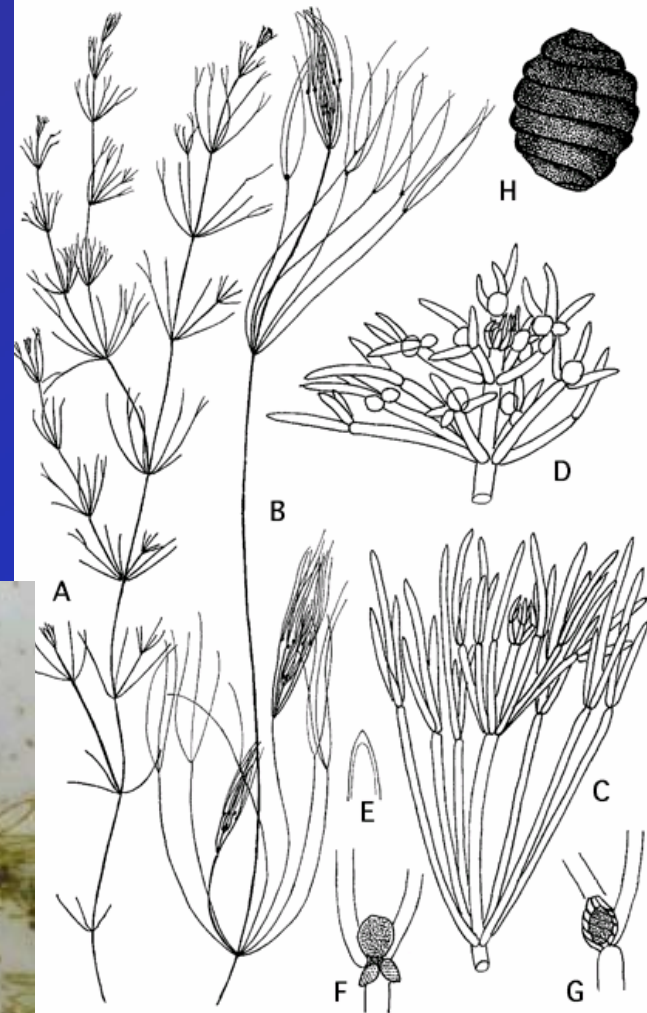
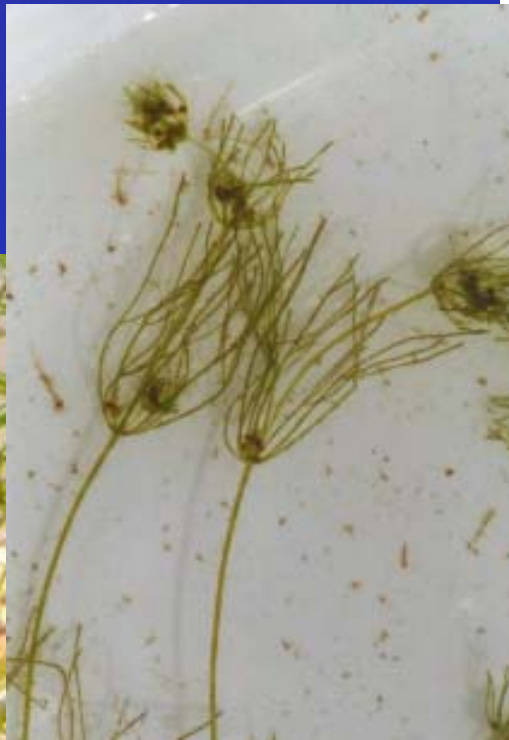
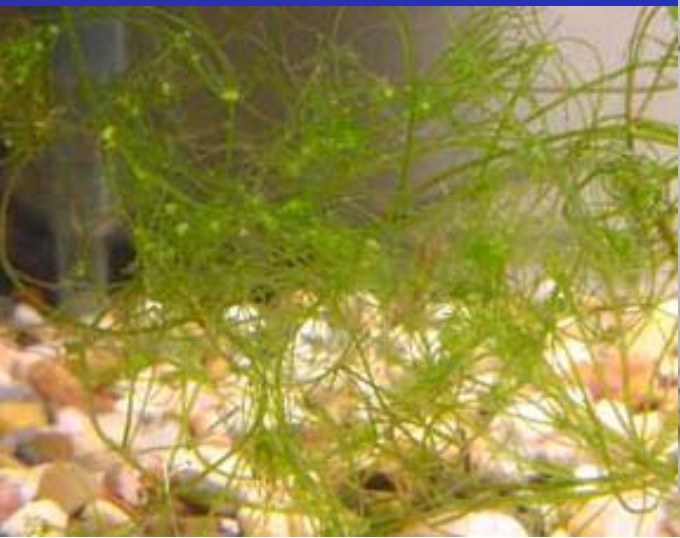
Ch. braunii

- světlezel. b.
- černá oogonia
- absence rýh
- řada nápadných stipul
- čisté vody, kaskády rybníků



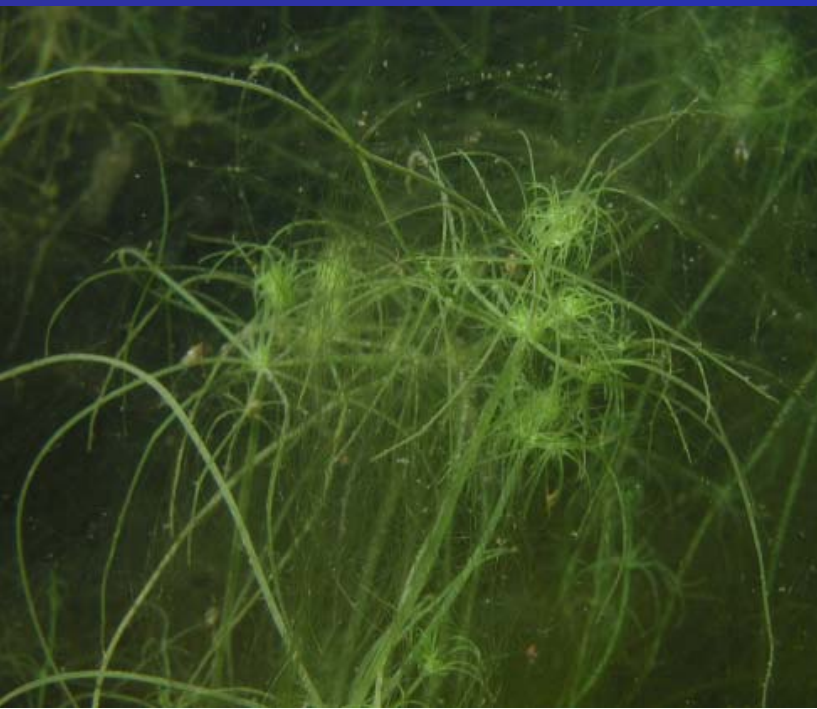
N. flexilis

- světlezel. b.
- inkrustace
- vrcholové b. – tlustá buň. stěna
- běžná



N. mucronata

- 15 – 30 cm
- tm.zel. – hnědozel. b.
- typické ukončení větvení
- jižní Morava - Valtice



Děkuji za pozornost